

**Im back homOFF-SEASON FOOTBALL LEAGUE NEWSLETTER
Vol. XXVII• No. 7 August 7, 2008**

OFL CALENDAR OF EVENTS • ACTUAL EMAIL DUE DATES

SAT-AUG 16th 2009 OFL \$10 Dues to Matt Farmer & 1st Trade Period Opens
 WED-SEPT 10th 1st Period Cuts & Superstar Re-signings due to Jason Findlay 9 PM PDT
 SUN-SEPT 14th Newsletter No. 8 shall be mailed
 WED-OCT 8th 1st Period Player Cut Claims due to Jason Findlay 9 PM PDT
 SUN-OCT 12th 1st Trade Period Closes 9 PM PDT
 Final Accounting date for determining available free agency funds

Final 2008 OFL Standings

Continental Conference

	W	L	T	Pct	Pts	Avg	Opp	Avg	Home	Division	Conf
Nitschke											
Denver	12	4	0	.750	426	26.6	240	15.0	7 1 0	7 1 0	10 2 0
Kutztown	11	5	0	.688	402	25.1	294	18.4	7 1 0	6 2 0	10 2 0
Florida	7	9	0	.438	299	18.7	358	22.4	4 4 0	3 5 0	5 7 0
New York	5	11	0	.313	304	19.0	509	31.8	2 6 0	4 4 0	4 8 0
Ringgold	3	13	0	.188	299	18.7	476	29.8	3 5 0	0 8 0	1 11 0

	W	L	T	Pct	Pts	Avg	Opp	Avg	Home	Division	Conf
Berry											
Las Vegas	12	4	0	.750	550	34.4	237	14.8	7 1 0	8 0 0	9 3 0
Baltimore	9	7	0	.563	409	25.6	388	24.3	5 3 0	6 2 0	8 4 0
Pittsburgh	8	8	0	.500	291	18.2	311	19.4	3 5 0	3 5 0	6 6 0
Antelope	4	12	0	.250	258	16.1	467	29.2	3 5 0	1 7 0	4 8 0
New Jersey	3	13	0	.188	202	12.6	485	30.3	2 6 0	2 6 0	3 9 0

International Conference

	W	L	T	Pct	Pts	Avg	Opp	Avg	Home	Division	Conf
Payton											
Fresno	14	2	0	.875	530	33.1	189	11.8	7 1 0	8 0 0	10 2 0
Durham	11	5	0	.688	393	24.6	288	18.0	7 1 0	5 3 0	7 5 0
Sacramento	8	8	0	.500	368	23.0	382	23.9	4 4 0	5 3 0	6 6 0
San Francisco	7	9	0	.438	353	22.1	423	26.4	4 4 0	2 6 0	4 8 0
California	0	16	0	.000	178	11.1	643	40.2	0 8 0	0 8 0	0 12 0

	W	L	T	Pct	Pts	Avg	Opp	Avg	Home	Division	Conf
Tittle											
Winnipeg	14	2	0	.875	530	33.1	178	11.1	8 0 0	6 2 0	10 2 0
Malvern	12	4	0	.750	518	32.4	228	14.3	6 2 0	5 3 0	9 3 0
Prairie	11	5	0	.688	462	28.9	286	17.9	7 1 0	6 2 0	8 4 0
Medicine	6	10	0	.375	359	22.4	391	24.4	5 3 0	3 5 0	4 8 0
Round Rock	3	13	0	.188	175	10.9	533	33.3	2 6 0	0 8 0	2 10 0

1st Round of Playoffs – Begin Week of Aug 11th

Baltimore @ Denver
 Kutztown @ Long Island
 Prairie @ Winnipeg
 Malvern @ Fresno

COMMISSIONER'S CORNER..... By Matt Farmer

1st & 10: Congratulations to all on another successful season. I give big props to the Durham team which made huge strides from last season. It really is a shame Durham just missed the playoffs. George is a great game day coach who got all he could out of his players this year.

2nd Down: I also want to congratulate all of the playoff contenders. I wish you all good luck. My prediction is a Winnipeg/Las Vegas Super Bowl with Winnipeg coming out on top. Winnipeg has absolutely no weaknesses and the return game with Hester is a huge advantage. You cannot defense returns. Besides, Lance has lost in the first round of the playoffs the last two years in a row and the third time is a charm. No pressure Lance.....

3rd Down: As many of you know and read from me in the past, I have done a lot of griping about the game engine. However, as you also know, I knocked that off and have been a good boy about it this entire season. I do want to vent though about the game, but my vent has nothing to do with the game engine. What really irritated me this year was the connection problems. Too many coaches, myself included, were unable to host games. I will be the first to admit that I am borderline retarded when it comes to computers but gee whiz, the game should not require a computer degree in order to connect and play. This is absolutely unacceptable and must improve. I know it can improve; I have played Strat online and never had a connection issue with that game. Action needs to step up on this level. I have not played the 2008 version of the game yet but have my fingers crossed it will improve next season.

Timeout: I have went back and forth on the dues issue for this upcoming season. It is within my power to reduce or simply waive dues. After thinking it over more, I am going to stick with the \$10.00 this season, with an August 16th due date. I found it fun last season to send out Commissioner awards and I think the coaches did appreciate it. Besides, I need to get Lance something for his upcoming championship. No pressure Lance..... You can submit your 2009 OFL \$10 dues payment two ways: PayPal: mefer1917@sbcglobal.net
By Postal mail: Matt Farmer, 5779 W. Minarets Ave., Fresno, CA 93722

4th Down: With the off season coming up, and my FAVORITE part of the league, it is now time for you to start thinking about roster cuts. I actually personally do more than that. Every year at this time I assess the needs for my team, compare that against the other teams in my division, and ask myself whether I have a reasonable chance to assemble a team that will compete. Luckily for me over the past three seasons, it has been a resounding "yes." In my case for the next season, the answer will be a resounding "no." That is ok and will present a great challenge. It also illustrates the beauty of this league and how the financial structure really plays a critical role in competition. With that said, the league will be seeing e-mails from me this coming trade season! Until next month!

COACHES' CORNER

PRAIRIE WILDFIRE's Jason Findlay (and OFL Director of Player Personnel) has a new email effective immediately: jayfindlay@mts.net

MONEY MATTERS..... THIS MONTH

Report errors in Money Matters ASAP to Mike Jaime

OFL FRANCHISE	1 st Art	2 nd Art	3 rd Art/ Photo	FA Claim	Cut Costs	TV Award	Season Award	W-L vs Finish	Win Bonus	Total XXVII - 7
Antelope						+ 5500	+ 2400	+ 6500		+ 14400
Baltimore			FEB			+ 5500	+ 2400	+ 7100		+ 15000
California	MAR	MAR	MAR			+ 5500	+ 2400	+ 6200		+ 14100
Denver	+ 1000					+ 5500	+ 2400	+ 7600		+ 16500
Durham				- 50		+ 5500	+ 2400	+ 7300		+ 15150
Florida	DEC	JAN	DEC			+ 5500	+ 2400	+ 6800		+ 14700
Fresno	JAN	FEB	JAN			+ 5500	+ 2400	+ 7800	+ 1000	+ 16700
Kutztown	FEB					+ 5500	+ 2400	+ 7200		+ 15100
Las Vegas	JAN	APR	FEB	- 50		+ 5500	+ 2400	+ 7500		+ 15350
Malvern	FEB		MAR	- 50		+ 5500	+ 2400	+ 7500	+ 1000	+ 16350
Medicine						+ 5500	+ 2400	+ 6700		+ 14600
New Jersey						+ 5500	+ 2400	+ 6300		+ 14200
New York						+ 5500	+ 2400	+ 6600		+ 14500
Pittsburgh	FEB					+ 5500	+ 2400	+ 7000		+ 14900
Prairie			FEB			+ 5500	+ 2400	+ 7100	+ 1000	+ 16000
Ringgold						+ 5500	+ 2400	+ 6500		+ 14400
Round Rock						+ 5500	+ 2400	+ 6400		+ 14300
Sacramento		FEB	FEB			+ 5500	+ 2400	+ 6900		+ 14800
San Francisco				- 50		+ 5500	+ 2400	+ 6800	+ 1000	+ 15650
Winnipeg	JAN	JAN				+ 5500	+ 2400	+ 8200	+ 1000	+ 17100

NOTES: Teams enjoy the next 5 months to submit their 2008 articles/photos to earn \$1 million each, for up to maximum of \$3 million total for the franchise. Month '08 credits earned are shown above.

OFL Treasurer Bobby Elder has sent along Team Treasury Reports updated thru June Newsletter, that follows on the next page.



**Weekly Player Moves
Prepared By - Jason Findlay**

Effective Beginning Week 14

Durham

Claims: WR Troy Brown @ \$50K

Cuts: DT Joe Salave'a @ 0K

San Francisco

Claims: PK Ryan Longwell @ \$50K

Cuts: PK Adam Vinatieri @ 0K

Effective Beginning Week 15

No player movements reported this week

Effective Beginning Week 16

Malvern

Claims: WR David Kircus @ \$50K

Cuts: TE Jim Kleinsassa @0K

Effective Beginning 1st Round of Playoffs

Las Vegas

Claims: DT Ted Washington @ \$50K

Cuts: RET Brandon Williams @ 0K

OFL TEAM TREASURY REPORTS - PREPARED BY BOBBY ELDER

Please double-check your Team & Report all errors to Bobby (oflchief@aol.com)

Last Team Treasury Report accounted for all Money Matters through XXVII-3

Antelope		Florida		Medicine Hat		Ringgold	
Last Report	1350	Last Report	1475	Last Report	5438	Last Report	9100
XXVII-4	0	XXVII-4	0	XXVII-4	0	XXVII-4	150
XXVII-5	0	XXVII-5	0	XXVII-5	0	XXVII-5	-50
XXVII-6	0	XXVII-6	0	XXVII-6	0	XXVII-6	0
Total	1350	Total	1475	Total	5438	Total	9200

Baltimore		Fresno		New Jersey		Round Rock	
Last Report	449	Last Report	1308	Last Report	3135	Last Report	35673
XXVII-4	0	XXVII-4	500	XXVII-4	-300	XXVII-4	-50
XXVII-5	0	XXVII-5	-300	XXVII-5	0	XXVII-5	0
XXVII-6	-50	XXVII-6	0	XXVII-6	-150	XXVII-6	0
Total	399	Total	1508	Total	2685	Total	35623

California		Kutztown		New York		Sacramento	
Last Report	4950	Last Report	2845	Last Report	7059	Last Report	8496
XXVII-4	-500	XXVII-4	0	XXVII-4	0	XXVII-4	0
XXVII-5	0	XXVII-5	0	XXVII-5	0	XXVII-5	0
XXVII-6	0	XXVII-6	0	XXVII-6	0	XXVII-6	0
Total	4450	Total	2845	Total	7059	Total	8496

Denver		Las Vegas		Pittsburgh		San Francisco	
Last Report	8493	Last Report	3675	Last Report	5514	Last Report	3014
XXVII-4	0	XXVII-4	950	XXVII-4	0	XXVII-4	0
XXVII-5	0	XXVII-5	0	XXVII-5	0	XXVII-5	0
XXVII-6	0	XXVII-6	0	XXVII-6	0	XXVII-6	0
Total	8493	Total	4625	Total	5514	Total	3014
Durham		Malvern		Prairie		Winnipeg	
Last Report	4992	Last Report	2310	Last Report	689	Last Report	3806
XXVII-4	0	XXVII-4	-350	XXVII-4	0	XXVII-4	0
XXVII-5	0	XXVII-5	-50	XXVII-5	0	XXVII-5	-50
XXVII-6	0	XXVII-6	0	XXVII-6	0	XXVII-6	0
Total	4992	Total	1910	Total	689	Total	3756

\$TEAL\$ & DEAL\$.....

1st Trading Period Opens Saturday, Aug 16th for teams whose \$10 dues payment has been received by Commissioner Matt Farmer. See Commissioner's Corner for instructions.

Trade School.....

Both teams must confirm identical details of trade to the Trade Coordinator (that's me), which over recent years has evolved to sending notice to the OFLpost.

Player Contracts- Salary, Length & year of expiration mean something in the OFL. What you give up in trade is only a portion of the price. What contracts cost you over their full term (and maybe the impact on a Superstar down the road) should be factors in weighing all trades.

Some of the transactions last off-season were capital felonies. Coaches need to pay closer attention to the contracts of the players being discussed to determine how your current & future (near & longer term) finances will be impacted. Examine your current (and projected Superstars). Is it worth raising his salary a few hundred thousand per year to gain a point or two on his platoon? Maybe, maybe not- depends on what your plans are & strength of your core team.

On the flip side, if you're not a super mega heavyweight is it really in your best interest to totally liquidate your team? Most likely not.

Unfortunately, Action Gamers tend to swing the pendulum to extremes. Either they covet 50-point offensive lines with 100-point defense at any cost, or they settle for 3 win seasons banking every penny like it's a real world depression. Predictable results are lopsided standings.

Ideally there'll be heightened league awareness this off-season to encourage everyone to be more focused, (and helpful to the less experienced), yet still enjoy the fun of hashing out deals.

PRELIMINARY 2009 OFL DRAFT BOARD

Slots 1 – 12 are set, 13 – 20 dependent on playoff results

5 Months Heads Up.... Draft generally held on Saturday of the bye weekend
between NFL Conference Championship Games & Super Bowl, starting at 1 PM EST

OFL FRANCHISE	# 1	# 2	# 3	# 4	# 5	# 6	# 7	# 8
01 California Quakes								
02 New Jersey Patriots				NY				
03 Round Rock Crusaders						MLV		
04 Ringgold Renegades								
05 Antelope Mud Fish			MLV	LV				
06 New York Cobras					LV			
07 Medicine Mad Hatters								
08 Florida Dragons								
09 San Francisco Buccaneers			MLV					
10 Sacramento Scorpions			NJ				NJ	BLT
11 Pittsburgh Assassins								
12 Durham Thunder Lizards								
13 Baltimore Slaughter								
14 Kutztown Belchers	WPG	WPG	WPG	WPG	CAL	WPG	WPG	
15 Prairie Wildfire	NJ	PIT	NJ	NJ	NJ	PIT		
16 Las Vegas RatPack								RNG
17 Denver Destroyers					PIT			
18 Malvern Monarchs			RC					
19 Fresno Fuel	FLA	NJ	PIT	CAL	SF			
20 Winnipeg Vigilantes	NY	NY		SF	NY			

All tie-breakers were decided by head-to-head results, except LV-DEN, and PWF-KTZ

3-13 NJ, RC & RNG: Ringgold beat Round Rock & Round Rock beat NJ (which split with RNG)

7-9 FLA & SF: Bucs beat Dragons H2H

8-8 SAC & PIT: Assassins beat Scorpions H2H

11-5 KTZ & PWF: Each was 4-2 vs common opponents but Wildfire allowed just 105 points to Belchers 132 in those 6 games.

12-4 LV, DEN & MLV: LV & DEN split their 2 games, so it was 3-1 Destroyers over 2-2 RatPack vs. common Continental Conference opponents. MLV beat DEN in their lone game.

14-2 FF & WPG: Vigilantes swept both games with the Fuel

1st Period Cuts & Superstar Re-signings due to Jason Findlay 9 PM PDT, Wed., Sept 10th

Basic Cut Reminders

August is Primetime to review Pages 12 & 13 of your Constitution!

Send your cuts directly to Jason Findlay the OFL's Director of Player Personnel (DPP)
jayfindlay@mts.net

1st Period Cuts are the most economical offered, with the buyout only ½ the remaining contract value (salary x years remaining), EXCEPT of course Superstars that ALWAYS cost you 150% remaining contract value.

Cutting a Superstar now of course opens up that coveted slot which need not be filled until March, offering you immense roster flexibility between now & then.

Let's avoid the misunderstanding last year by revisiting a simple policy & some common sense. Once posted a cut is a done deal. Think of it in these terms... Is a trade or draft pick a done deal when posted, or at the close of the trade period or draft? A deadline should never be confused with an effective date. The effective date of a cut (or trade, or draft pick) is when it's posted (in this case, to either the OFLPost or DPP). The Constitution is very clear: "A team cutting a player loses all ownership rights to that player." The effective date of a cut is when you post it, while the deadline date is the last day for posting.

Bottom line... Do not haphazardly cut a player now thinking you have until the deadline to rescind that decision, no more than you would rescind a trade confirmation (be it days, weeks or even hours after the fact).

Don't step over dollars to pick up pennies.....

Newer coaches are encouraged to look long & hard at potential cut candidates on their roster, and utilize OFL's generous time period (now thru Sept. 10th) to weigh the advantages vs. the cost. Two areas newer coaches are often behind the curve are free agency and taking maximum advantage of the 1st cut period. As painful as it seems at first, ridding your franchise of dead wood now & replacing it with productive players over the next 8 months is almost always a better idea.

If you have no clue what your player contracts are, (really no excuse for such apathy but I've heard some incredulous excuses over the decades) you can review the March Newsletter on the website (and make adjustments for all claims, cuts & trades you may have made during the season) or email Jason for a copy of your roster.

Cut costs are deducted from your team treasury in the September Newsletter.

Everything you need to know on the subject is found on Pages 12 & 13 in your Constitution.

FA claims during the season are automatically released from your team and should not be listed as cuts.

Most importantly..... Time is on your side. You enjoy luxury of viewing NFL's opening weekend results before reaching cut decisions. Time is your ally here so embrace it, and benefit from it.

OFL Superstars..... Mastering this concept is quintessential to your OFL health
Start by reviewing Page 16 in your Constitution

If your SS's contract expires with the 2008 OFL season you can avoid putting him thru free agency by re-signing him by Sept. 10th to a 50% salary raise with a term of 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 years. Length is your choice, and must be specified. Re-signing him is completely optional. If you choose not to, he'll simply go thru free agency. Notify Jason Findlay (DPP) jayfindlay@mts.net with your expiring Superstar instructions.

You can cut your SS in this 1st Cut Period at a cost = 150% remaining contract value (yrs x salary).

In either above case (SS's contract expired in 2008, regardless if you resign him or not), or if you cut him, you do NOT name a new SS until March. I repeat, you wait until March to name a new SS.

If your SS's contract expires in 2009 or thereafter and you don't cut him (either in August or March) he of course remains your SS.

Don't confuse the OFL term "Superstar" with a great player necessarily. Many teams like the flexibility to name a SS every year and often simply designate a player (regardless of his rating) in the final year of his 5-year contract as their SS- with the required salary (minimum of \$100K above the next highest paid player on the platoon.)

Do appreciate that when you have a valid SS should you subsequently acquire a player with a salary either higher (or within 100K) of your valid SS by rule your SS's salary is IMMEDIATELY raised to maintain that \$100K gap. We witnessed this last year on several teams, most notably Antelope when they acquired Rod Coleman necessitating a massive increase in Donovin Darius' SS contract. Your SS's salary plays a key role in many of your potential off-season player decisions.

If you'll enjoy an open SS slot this off-season give considerable thought to potential candidates you'd name come March. They may not even be on your team currently. There may be players on other teams that would make a fine SS for your team if you're able to acquire them. Think beyond the immediate season as well. Maybe there's a SS for next year (5 yr contract expiring after 2009) and another player (5 yr contract expiring 2010) that would be beneficial for you to lock them up respectively even with the required 50% raises over those two years.

Successful teams almost always have "a plan" in all that they do- be it trading, drafting or bidding- and that includes the succession of Superstars on their roster. It's not blind luck that some teams always seem to have the right player with a contract expiring at the right time.

Closing Bell..... If you're relatively new to the OFL read the Constitution for most of your answers, and what you can't uncover there feel free to ask questions of one of the many Dinosaurs that graze freely among us. Half the membership has been here more than 10 years. All of us have jumped thru the identical hoops you're just learning to navigate. Tap into the wealth of wisdom available.

Just like with 1st Cuts you have identical time frame to reach all-important Superstar re-signing decision. We're offering you opportunity to view NFL's 1st week's games, so take full advantage.

Coaches Make the Difference: The Early Years

By- Jim Heaton

The Dolphins have always been my team. I attended their first home game in 1966. Receiving the opening kick off, Joe Auer returned it for a touchdown as Danny Thomas paced the sidelines smoking cigars. The Dolphins struggled under the leadership of George Wilson, but soon transferred to the gauntlet to the coach of coaches, Don Shula.

Shula took over the reins in 1970 and proclaimed success would only be achieved through hard work. During training camp, the Dolphin team struggled through four work outs a day in the sweltering heat of July and August in South Florida. Miami would go on to complete their best season ever at 10-4 and make the playoffs for the first time.

What really helped to make Don Shula a great coach? Obviously, he was a great leader and had to have the ability to motivate his players. However, I think there are two things Shula did better than anyone else. First, his teams were always well prepared and committed the fewest team penalties year after year. A Shula team always played to the end of game and never quit. These characteristics are a product of the hard work and preparation as planned and implemented by the head coach. As a fan while Shula was the coach, we came to always expect a competitive game and season.

Shula was also always able to use his players to best advantage. While many coaches try to forge their team into a predetermined style of play, Shula would adjust his play style to the talent of his team. During the early 70's the Dolphins were blessed with Csonka, Kiick and Morris. (Not to slight an adept offensive line) The Dolphin offense was a machine which ground up opposing defenses by running the ball. Although many would say the games were boring to watch, they were not boring if you were a Dolphin fan.

During the beginning of the 1972 season, Miami incurred a number of injuries to defensive linemen and had only four healthy linemen for the season. Bob Matheson, while not a gifted athlete, was versatile and capable of lining up on the defensive line. Thus, was born the unorthodox 53 defense, so named because Matheson wore jersey number 53. Matheson's swapping between linebacker and lineman thoroughly confused opposing defenses and the Dolphins ended the season giving up the fewest points ever during the regular season. Again, the Shula coached team totally adjusted their play style to the available talent.

One of Shula's most successful seasons was also one the bitterest. In 1974 the Miami Dolphins was bushwhacked by the World Football League. All the WFL did was to sign Miami's top three starting offensive players; Paul Warfield, Larry Csonka and Jim Kiick.

Shula adjusted once again from a game plan which featured the feet of Zonk to one which relied on the arm and brain of Bob Griese. Despite the loss of heart and soul, Miami would advance again to the playoffs in 1974, only to lose on the last play of the game as Oakland's Kenny "The Snake" Stabler fluttered the winning touchdown pass, while in the grasp of the Miami defense.

Reflecting back, the WFL cost Shula and Miami more than just the 1974 season; it also cost them being crowned the team of the 70's. Instead, the Pittsburg Steelers would claim the title. A Miami fan from the era can only speculate at how many more trips to the super bowl could have been, with Zonk, Kiick and Warfield still on the team. However, it is not difficult to imagine the Steelers floundering, if in 1975, the WFL would have signed Franco Harris, Lynn Swann and Rocky Bleir.

Class Dismissed
By- John Borell

The sound of voices was all around them as they walk down the hall.

"Thanks for coming to help."

"Glad to help. So John is going to give his report on the cities of the Off Season Football League?"

"Yes, I hope to get a lot done today."

"Not all of the teams are cities, some are states."

" I told John to use a city to city mileage chart and just take the list it produces. As far as states I told him just to put city behind the state's name and see what happens."

"How did you get involved with this league?"

"Well my sister..."

" You mean...." She stretched her arms out in from of her chest.

"Yes." She sighed. "She was interviewed a few years back about her assets."

"Nothing personal but you got short changed."

"Short Changed? I've been called sir by parents and it almost took me the whole year to finally make a student to stop calling me mister."

They both suddenly stopped.

"One night I was getting hot and heavy with this guy." She whispered. "I'm laying on the bed ready to go and all of a sudden he jumps up and starts buzzing around the room and pretending he was a plane in distress. He finally says that he sees a smooth surface to go down on. He should be able to land with no problem."

"What did you do?" Covering her mouth so she wouldn't laugh out loud.

"I kicked his birthday suit out of the room and threw his clothes out the bedroom window so he would have to walk around the building to get them."

They resumed their walking.

"Oh, one more thing. Sometime today someone will come to pick up Pete. Could you go with him?"

"Sure, what's up?"

"The principal is going to have a nice talk with him in the lounge."

"The lounge?"

She smiled. "Yes, believe it or not, somehow Pete sold every bit of furniture in his office. Even the coffee maker."

"That's amazing."

"Yes it is. Eugene might also be called. There was a report he was encouraging Pete on by saying that there was still a lot of good furniture left."

They stopped in front of the classroom door listening to sounds of mayhem behind it.

With a quick turn of the knob and push of the door they both entered the chaos.

"Okay John. Your up."

OFL Franchise - New York

*New York City, NY

The region was inhabited by about 5,000 Lenape Native Americans at the time of its European discovery in 1524 by Giovanni da Verrazano an Italian explorer in the service of the French crown who called New Angouleme. Dutch colonial Director-General Peter Minuit purchased the island of Manhattan from the Lenape in 1626 for a value of 60 guilders (legend, now disproved, says that Manhattan was purchased for \$24 worth of glass beads). In 1664, the English conquered the city and renamed it "New York" after the English Duke of York and Albany.

New York City is the most populous city in the United States.

New York City comprises five boroughs. With over 8.2 million residents within an area of 322 square miles, New York City is the most densely populated major city in the United States.

In 2005, nearly 170 languages were spoken in the city and 36% of its population was born outside of the United States. New York City is known as the "City that never sleeps." It was first linked with "Gotham" by Washington Irving in 1807.

OFL Franchise – Ringgold

***Ringgold, GA**

Ringgold is the county seat of Catoosa County. The population was 2,422 at the 2000 census.

The city was named after Major Samuel Ringgold, a hero of the Battle of Palo Alto in the Mexican-American War.

The city gained some notoriety for erecting a display that included the Ten Commandments, the Lord's Prayer, and a third blank frame. The stated purpose of the third frame was to include alternate beliefs, but the city agreed to remove the display as part of a settlement of complaints.

Country-Western singer Dolly Parton's husband, Carl Dean, is from Ringgold, and the couple was married at the Ringgold 1st Baptist Church. George Jones and Tammy Wynette were also married in Ringgold. The city has traditionally been a "marriage center" because of the short waiting time after blood tests; one testing laboratory in the community offers a combination test/wedding package and sells clocks with the inscription "I got married in Ringgold, Ga."

***Ringgold, LA**

Ringgold is a town in Bienville Parish. The population was 1,660 at the 2000 census. The town is named after Major Samuel Ringgold, the hero of the Battle of Palo Alto near Brownsville, Texas, in the Mexican-American War. Ringgold was the first American casualty of the Mexican War.

***Ringgold, PA**

Ringgold is a township in Jefferson County.

The community was named for Major Samuel Ringgold, who died in the Mexican-American War.

The population, at the time of the 2000 census, was 764.

***Ringgold, TX**

Ringgold is an unincorporated town in Montague County, with an estimated population of 100 people. The town's major industry is cattle ranching.

***Ringgold, VA**

Ringgold is an unincorporated community.

The community was named after Major Samuel Ringgold, a hero of the Battle of Palo Alto in the Mexican-American War.

Southern Ringgold touches the southern border of Virginia and North Carolina.

Population: 5,229

OFL Franchise – Denver

*Denver, CO

Denver City was founded in November of 1858 as a mining town during the Pikes Peak Gold Rush in western Kansas Territory. That summer, a group of gold prospectors from Lawrence, Kansas, arrived and established Montana City on the banks of the South Platte River. This was the first settlement in what was later to become the city of Denver.

On November 22, 1858, General William Larimer, a land speculator from eastern Kansas, placed cottonwood logs to stake a claim on the hill overlooking the confluence of the South Platte River and Cherry Creek, across the creek from the existing mining settlement of Auraria. Larimer named the town site Denver City to curry favor with Kansas Territorial Governor James W. Denver

The city of Denver is the capital and the most populous city of Colorado. Denver is named the “Mile High City” because its official elevation is one mile above sea level.

In 2006, it was estimated that the population of the County and City of Denver was 566,974 making it the 26th most populous U.S. City. The city claims to have the 10th largest downtown in the United States.

*Denver, IN

As of the census of 2000, there were 541 people, 189 households, and 158 families residing in the town. The town has a total area of 0.2 square miles. Denver is the fifth largest town in Miami County.

*Denver, IA

Denver is located in Bremer County with a 2000 census population of 1,627.

Denver was originally called Jefferson City, but after the Star Mail Route, a mail service provided to towns that have no federal service, was established, the town changed it's name to Breckenridge. When a federal post office was established in 1863, the name was changed to Denver.

*Denver, KY

At the time of this writing the temperature in Denver, KY was 86.4 F/30.2 C. Partly Cloudy.

*Denver, MO

As of the census of 2000, there were 40 people, 20 households, and 11 families living in the village.

For every 100 females age 18 and over, there were 100.0 males.

The median income for a household in the village was \$18,750, and the median income for a family was \$16,250.

*Denver, NY

At the time of this writing the temperature in Denver, NY was 79.4F/26.3 C. Scattered Clouds.

*Denver, NC

Denver is an unincorporated community in Lincoln County. It is the home of NASCAR drivers Hank Parker Jr. and Matt McCall.

Denver is also home to the Rock Springs Campground that has been home to revivals and camp meetings since 1794. The only continuous camp meeting still occurring is that of the Rock Spring Camp Meeting of the Methodists in East Lincoln County.

The elevation is 902 feet above sea level.

*Denver, PA

Denver is a borough in Lancaster County, PA. The population was 3,332 at the 2000 census.

The median income for a household in the borough was \$49,085, and the median income for a family was \$53,125

OFL Franchise – Kutztown

*Kutztown, PA

Kutztown is a borough in Berks County PA. As of the 2000 census, the borough has a total population of 5,067. It is the site of Kutztown University and is home to the Kutztown Pennsylvania Dutch Festival.

The seeds of Kutztown were sown on June 16, 1755 when George (Coots) Kutz purchased 130 acres from Peter Wentz. Kutz first laid out his plans for the town in 1779. Adam Dietrich and Henry Schweier purchased the first lots in the new town of Cootstown (later named Kutztown) in 1785.

OFL Franchise – Florida

*Florida City, FL

Florida City is a city in Miami-Dade County. The population was 7,843 at the 2000 census. The city lies to the west of, and is contiguous with, Homestead. Both cities suffered catastrophic damage in August 1992, when Hurricane Andrew struck South Florida.

The city originated as a land promotion named Detroit. The name was changed to Florida City when the town incorporated in 1914. It has a small historic are, but much of the city is hotels and other tourist facilities. The city is at the eastern end of the only road running through the Everglades National Park. Florida City is the southernmost city in the United States, which is not on an island. It is also the last stop on the mainland north of the Florida Keys

OFL Franchise – Baltimore

***Baltimore, ON**

Baltimore is a hamlet located in the southeast portion of Hamilton Township in Northumberland County in central Ontario.

Baltimore was first settled by Irish immigrant, John McCarty around 1805, and was named after his family's ancestral home in Baltimore, Count Cork, Ireland. It is best known today for the presence of historic Ball's Mill, built in 1842.

***Baltimore, MD**

Baltimore is an independent city and the largest city in the state of Maryland. As of 2007, the population of Baltimore City was 640,961. Once an industrial town with an economic base in manufacturing, Baltimore's economy has shifted primarily to service sector-oriented, with the largest employer no longer Bethlehem Steel by The Johns Hopkins University and The Johns Hopkins Hospital

The city is named after the founding proprietor of the Maryland Colony, Lord Baltimore. Baltimore himself took his title from a place named Baltimore in Ireland. Baltimore became the second leading port of entry for immigrants to the United States during the 1800s.

Because there is also a Baltimore County surrounding (but not including) the city, it is sometimes referred to as Baltimore City when a clear distinction is desired.

***Baltimore, OH**

Baltimore is a village in Fairfield County, Ohio. The population was 2,881 at the 2000 census.

Baltimore is the birthplace of one-hit wonder Bob Lind. Number 5 on the charts. "Elusive Butterfly."

OFL Franchise – Las Vegas

***Las Vegas, NV**

Las Vegas (English: "The Meadows") was named by Spaniards in the Antonio Armijo party, who used the water in the area while heading north and west along the Old Spanish Trail from Texas. In the 1800s, areas of the Las Vegas Valley contained artesian wells that supported extensive green areas or meadows (vegas in Spanish), hence the name Las Vegas.

Although established in 1905, Las Vegas officially became a city in 1911. With the growth that followed, Las Vegas became the most populous American City founded in the 20th century, preceding the 19th century founding of Chicago.

The name Las Vegas is often applied to the unincorporated areas of Clark County that surround the city, especially the resort areas on and near the Las Vegas Strip. This 4.5-mile stretch of Las Vegas Boulevard is mostly outside the city limits.

*Las Vegas, NM

Las Vegas was established in 1835 after a group of settlers received a land grant from the Mexican government.

The arrival of the railroad on July 4, 1879, brought with it both respectable and dubious businesses, murderers, robbers, thieves, gamblers, gunmen, swindlers, vagrants, and tramps, transforming the eastern side of the settlement into a virtually lawless brawl. Among the frequenting frontmen were legendary characters such as: dentist Doc Holliday and his girlfriend Big-Nose Kate, Jesse James, Billy the Kid, Wyatt Earp, Mysterious Dave Mather, Hoodoo Brown, Durango Kid and Dancehall Rustler.

Once two separate towns, West Las Vegas ("Old Town") and East Las Vegas ("New Town"), divided by the Gallinas River. The population was 14,565 at the 2000 census.

OFL Franchise – Pittsburgh

*Pittsburgh, PA

In 1749, French soldiers from Quebec launched a serious expedition to the forks of the Ohio in hopes of uniting French Canada with French Louisiana via the rivers. Governor Dinwiddie of Virginia sent Major George Washington to warn the French to withdraw. During 1753-1754, the English hastily built Fort Prince George, but a large French expedition forced them to evacuate and constructed Fort Duquesne on the site. These events led to the French and Indian War. British General Edward Braddock's campaign (with Washington as his aide) to take Fort Duquesne failed, but General John Forbes's subsequent campaign succeeded. After the French abandoned and destroyed Fort Duquesne in 1758, Forbes ordered the construction of Fort Pitt, named after British Secretary of State William Pitt the Elder. He also named the settlement between the rivers "Pittsborough."

In 1769, a survey was made of the land situated between the two rivers, called the "Manor of Pittsburgh." Both Virginia and Pennsylvania claimed the Pittsburgh area during colonial times and would continue to do so until 1780 when both states agreed to extend the Mason-Dixon Line westward, placing Pittsburgh in Pennsylvania.

Pittsburgh was officially named with its present spelling on April 22, 1794, by and acts of the Pennsylvania Department. In other words, the Senate and House of Representatives.

Pittsburgh is one of the few American cities to spelled with a "h" at the end of a burg suffix. This style is commonly used for many other cities and towns of western Pennsylvania. While briefly referred to as "Pittsburg" during the late 19th century, the citizens of the city officially restored the Pittsburgh spelling in 1911 after a public campaign.

Pittsburgh features a skyline of 151 skyscrapers, 446 bridges, two inclined railways and a pre-Revolutionary fortification. Pittsburgh is commonly known as the "The City of Bridges" or "The Bridge Capital" of the U.S.

In 2007, Pittsburgh was named "America's Most Livable City" by Places Rated Almanac.

OFL Franchise – Antelope

***Antelope, CA**

Established in the mid-1800s by Chinese immigrants, who worked for the railroad, Antelope began as a bedroom community. The workers thrived and enjoyed their boomtown in an era where neighborhoods were the essence of the community. But never being at the center of commerce, the Antelope railroad workers eventually moved to the next county and helped root Roseville as a viable city.

By 1973, Antelope still consisted of little more than a general store and a half-dozen homes. On April 28 a rail car loaded with aircraft bombs exploded in the southern part of the Roseville switching yard removing all traces of Antelope. The train was loaded with 7,056 defused Mark 81 aircraft bombs of 250-lb each and tanker cars carrying liquefied petroleum. The blasts from the Southern Pacific yard were felt in downtown Sacramento where the state Capitol building was closed due to concerns of its dome shifting with the concussions, windows as far as five miles away were shattered and smoke was reported to have reached up to 3,000 feet into the atmosphere. No one was killed in the explosions.

As the surrounding areas grew in the 1980s and 1990s, so did Antelope. Antelope development started in the late 1980s under a specific plan completed by Sacramento County planners. The neighboring North Highlands/Elverta Community Planning Council reviewed planning applications until the Antelope Community Planning Council was established in 1991. Due to confusion with surrounding established communities of North Highlands, Elverta, and Roseville, the residents of the area voted to be recognized as a community by the county and with their own zip code which became effective July 1, 1994. At the time Antelope was only recognized as unincorporated Sacramento County. The concept to resurrect the Antelope town name came from members of the first Planning Council.

By the 2000 Census the population had grown to more than 36,000.

***Antelope, MT**

As of the census of 2000, there were 43 people, 21 households, and 11 families.

The median income for a household was \$16,500, and the median income for a family was \$16,500.

***Antelope, OR**

The Antelope Valley was probably named by members of Joseph Sherar's party who were packing supplies to mines in the John Day area. There were many pronghorns (often called pronghorn antelope) in the area in the early 1800s.

In the 1980s the town grew when followers of Bhagwan Shree Rajneesh, who had started the city of Rajneeshpuram on the nearby "Big Muddy Ranch", began to move in. On September 18, 1984, Antelope's charter was amended. The vote changed the name of the city to Rajneesh. A short time later Rajneesh was indicted on federal immigration charges, attempted to leave the country, and pleaded no contest to two of the 34 charges and returned to India. On November 6, 1985, the remaining residents, both original and Rajneeshee voted to restore the original name.

The population was 59 at the 2000 census.

OFL Franchise – Durham

*Durham, ON

Founded on May 1, 1842 by Archibald Hunter, a Scottish traveler, Durham became one of the first ever self-sustaining communities in Canada through the flour and saw mills. Durham has two major companies for employment: Durham Furniture and Interforest. Durham Furniture is a company that specializes in stained and white washed bedroom furniture and employs slightly more than 600 people. Interforest is a multinational corporation that deals with the treatment and production of lumber.

The population of Durham has not increased or decreased much over the past decade, staying steady at roughly 2500 people.

*Durham, UK

Archeological evidence suggests a history of settlement at Durham since roughly 2000 BC. The present city can clearly be traced back to 995AD, when a group of monks from Lindisfarne chose the strategic high peninsula as a place to settle with the body of Saint Cuthbert, had previously lain in Chester-le-Street, founding a church there. The present Durham Cathedral was built from 1093, and still contains the remains of St. Cuthbert as well as The Venerable Bede. It is regarded by many as the finest cathedral in the world.

Facing the cathedral across Palace Green is Durham Castle, originally built by the Normans from 1071, on William the Conqueror's return from campaigning in Scotland. Since 1837 the castle has been home to University College, the first college of the University.

Durham won the Large Town award in the Britain in Bloom awards of 2005.

The county town of County Durham, Durham is located in the City of Durham local government district, which extends beyond the city, and has a total population of 87,656. The unparished area of Durham had a population of 29,091, whilst the built-up area of Durham had a population of 42,939.

*Durham, CA

As of the census of 2000, there were 5,220 people, 1,914 households, and 1,466 families. The median income for a household is \$ 53,306 and the median income for a family is \$ 61,373. Males had a median of \$ 42,568 versus \$ 27,885 for females.

*Durham, CT

First settled in 1699, the Native Americans who lived near the swampy area originally called Durham Coginchaug.

Durham is renowned for having one of the first public libraries in the United States. It was founded in 1733; two years after Benjamin Franklin started the Philadelphia library.

Every autumn, during the last weekend in September, the town hosts the wildly successful Durham Fair, one of the largest agricultural fairs in New England. The population was 6,627 at the 2000 census.

*Durham, KS

At the 2000 census there were 114 people, 51 households, and 29 families residing in the city.

The median income for a household in the city is \$ 26,875.

*Durham, ME

As of the census of 2000, there were 3,381 people, 1,226 households, and 980 families residing in the town.

The median income for a household in the town was \$ 53,846, and the median income for a family was \$ 55,028. Males had a median income of \$ 35,174 versus \$ 28,342 for females.

*Durham, MO

The community was founded in 1876 and is named after a railroad man of that name.

*Durham, NH

Durham was originally called Oyster River Plantation. It was settled in 1635 as a part of Dover.

Because of its arable land, the town would develop as a farming community.

The population was 12,664 at the 2000 census. Durham is home to the University of New Hampshire.

*Durham, NY

The town was first settled around 1782. The town was established from part of the Town of Coxsackie in 1790 as the "Town of Freehold." In 1805, the name was changed to Durham.

The population was 2,592 at the 2000 census. The town was named after Durham Connecticut.

*Durham, NC

Durham originated in 1863 with the search for suitable railroad depot for the North Carolina Railroad between Raleigh and Hillsborough. The wood-burning steam locomotives of the time had to stop frequently to refuel, and depots supplying wood and water could not be more than 25-30 miles apart. The landowners of Prattsburgh, where a post office existed, refused to sell land to the railroad. A country physician named Bartlett S. Durham lived and practiced along the route. He donated land to the railroad, which named the subsequent depot Durham Station.

The town grew rapidly following the Civil War; the present city charter dates from 1869. Much of this growth can be attributed to the establishment of a thriving tobacco industry. Soldiers, both Union and Confederate, were encamped at Bennett Place, just outside the town, during surrender proceedings. During their long encampment, they liberally sampled the area's Brightleaf Tobacco, which purportedly had a milder flavor than other tobacco varieties. After returning to their homes, numerous orders were mailed to Green's tobacco company requesting more of the Durham tobacco. W.T. Blackwell would partner with Green, and rename the company The Bull Durham Tobacco Company. The name Bull Durham is said to have been taken from the bull on the British Colman's Mustard, which Blackwell (mistakenly) believed was manufactured in Durham, England.

The rapid growth and prosperity of the Bull Durham Tobacco Company, and Washington Duke's Duke & Sons Tobacco Company, would result in the rapid growth of the city of Durham. While the tobacco industry dominated the city's economy initially, the establishment of multiple textile mills, particularly in East and West Durham soon rivaled it. Much of the early city architecture, both commercial and residential, dates from the period of 1890 - 1930.

Population as of 2005 was 208,816. Durham is the home of Duke University and North Carolina Central University.

*Durham, OK

Durham was named for the first postmaster, Doris Durham Morris.

As of 2007, Durham's population was 116.

*Durham, PA

As of the census of 2000, there were 1,313 people.

The median income for a household in the township was \$ 70,875 and the median income for a family was \$ 73,750. Males had a median income of \$ 51,719 versus \$ 34,688 for females.

OFL Franchise – Fresno

*Fresno, CA

The County of Fresno was formed in 1856. It was named for the abundant mountain ash trees lining the San Joaquin River. Fresno is the Spanish word for white ash trees.

In 1867, Anthony Easterby purchased land but was unable to grow wheat for lack of water. He hired Moses J. Church in 1871 to build an irrigation canal.

In 1872, the Central Pacific Railroad established a station near Easterby's farm for its new Southern Pacific line. Soon there was a store. Around the station and the store grew the town of Fresno Station, later called Fresno. Fresno became an incorporated city in 1885.

Fresno is the sixth-largest city in California with an official Census Bureau estimated population of 481,035 as of July 1, 2006. The Fresno Municipal Sanitary Landfill was the first modern landfill in the United States.

*Fresno, OH

The community was named after Fresno, California.

*Fresno, TX

A settler from Fresno, California reportedly chose the name. The town is on land patented in 1824, once surrounded by cotton plantations.

The population was 6,603 at the 2000 census.

OFL Franchise – Sacramento

*Sacramento, CA

Nisenan and Plains Miwok Indians have lived in this area for perhaps thousands of years. Unlike the settlers who would eventually make Sacramento their home, these Indians left little evidence of their existence. Traditionally, their diet was dominated by acorns taken from the plentiful oak trees in the region, and by fruits, bulbs, seeds, and roots gathered throughout the year.

In either 1806 or 1808, the Spanish explorer Gabriel Moraga "discovered" and named the Sacramento Valley and the Sacramento River after the Spanish term for 'sacrament', specifically, after "the Most Holy Sacrament of the Body and Blood of Christ" referring to the Roman Catholic sacrament of the Eucharist.

The pioneer John Sutter arrived from Liestal, Switzerland in the Sacramento area with other settlers in August 1839 and established the trading colony and stockade Sutter's Fort in 1840. Sutter received 2,000 fruit trees in 1847, which started the agriculture industry in the Sacramento Valley. In 1848, when James W. Marshall discovered gold at Sutter's Mill in Coloma a large number of gold-seekers came to the area, increasing the population. John Sutter, Jr. then planned the City of Sacramento, in association with Sam Brannan against the wishes of his father, naming the city after the Sacramento River for commercial reasons. He hired topographical engineer William H. Warner to draft the official layout of the city. Bitterness grew between the elder Sutter and his son as Sacramento became an overnight commercial success. Sutter's Fort, Sutter's Mill and the town of Sutterville all founded by John Sutter, Sr., would eventually fail.

The citizens of Sacramento adopted a city charter in 1849, which was recognized by the state legislature in 1850. Sacramento is the oldest incorporated city in California, incorporated on February 27, 1850.

The California State Legislature, with the support of Governor John Bigler, moved to Sacramento in 1854. The Capitol of California before 1846 was located in Monterey where in 1849 the first Constitutional Convention and state elections were held. In 1849 the State Legislature voted to sit the State Capitol in San Jose. After 1850, when California was ratified as a state, the Capitol was also located in Vallejo, and Benicia before moving to Sacramento. In the 1879 Constitutional Convention, Sacramento was named to be the permanent State Capitol.

With its new status and strategic location, Sacramento quickly prospered and became the western end of the Pony Express, and later the First Transcontinental Railroad which began construction in Sacramento in 1863. Leland Stanford is known as the man who hammered in the last (golden) spike into the transcontinental railroad and also, the man who founded Stanford University in honor of his fifteen-year old son, who had died.

After the devastating 1850, Sacramento experienced a cholera epidemic and a flu epidemic, which crippled the town for several years. In 1862 Sacramento raised the level of the city by landfill. (Do to the devastating flood of 1861.) Thus the previous first floors of buildings became the basements, which were later connected by tunnels under the street of Old Sacramento. The tunnels became a network of opium dens, which were also mostly filled in.

Voters adopted the city's current charter in 1920.

In 1967, Governor Ronald Reagan became the last Governor of California to live permanently in the city.

In the early 1990s, Mayor Joe Serna attempted to lure the Los Angeles Raiders football team to Sacramento, selling \$50 million in bonds as earnest money. When the deal fell through, the bond proceeds were used to construct several large projects, including expanding the Convention Center and refurbishing of the Memorial Auditorium. Serna renamed a city park for controversial labor organizer Cesar Chavez. Through his effort, Sacramento became the first major city in the country to have a paid municipal holiday honoring Chavez.

Sacramento is the seventh most populous city in California with a 2007 estimated population of 467,343.

Sacramento is referred to by many nicknames. The most common names are Sac, SacTown and The Capitol.

*Sacramento, KY

The town of Sacramento was originally named Cross Roads, but after returning from the California Gold Rush, John Vickers suggested changing the name to Sacramento.

Sacramento was the site of a American Civil War battle between Union Major Eli H. Murray and Confederate Colonel Nathan Bedford Forrest. The battle began when a Confederate sympathizer informed Forrest that a Union force was watering their horses nearby. Forrest used the element of surprise to rout the Union troops, and thus began the military career of one of the South's most Formidable leaders.

The town of Sacramento holds an annual reenactment of the battle in which local residents voluntarily participate.

The population was 517 at the 2000 census.

*Sacramento, NM

A small village in the Lincoln National Forest's Sacramento Mountains in Southeast New Mexico. Its population has been estimated to be approximately 70 people, though that number may include some hunters and summer residents who don't reside in the area year-round. The village was originally called Chiquita after a nearby creek. Its post office was established on March 22, 1935. Soon after, it was decided to change the name of the village to Sacramento.

*Sacramento, PA

As of 2000 the population was 430.

OFL Franchise – San Francisco

* San Francisco, CA

The earliest archaeological evidence of inhabitation of the territory of the city of San Francisco dates to 3000 BC. The Yelamu of the Ohlone people resided in several small villages when a Spanish exploration party, led by Don Gaspar de Portola arrived on November 2, 1769, the first documented European discovery of San Francisco Bay.

Upon independence from Spain in 1821, the area became part of Mexico. Commodore John D. Sloat claimed California for the United States on July 7, 1846 during Mexican-American War, and Captain John B Montgomery arrived to claim Yerba Buena two days later. Yerba Buena was renamed San Francisco the next year.

The California Gold Rush brought a flood of treasure seekers. The prospectors accumulated in San Francisco raising the population from 1,000 in 1848 to 25,000 by December 1849. California was quickly granted statehood and the U.S. military built Fort Point at the Golden Gate and a fort on Alcatraz Island to secure the San Francisco Bay. With hordes of fortune seekers streaming through the city, lawlessness was common, and the Barbary Coast section of town gained notoriety as a haven for criminals, prostitution and gambling.

Entrepreneurs sought to capitalize on the wealth generated by the Gold Rush. Early winners were the banking industry, which saw the founding of Wells Fargo in 1852, and the railroad industry, as the magnates of the Big Four, led by Leland Stanford, collaborated in the building of the First Transcontinental Railroad. Levi Strauss opened a dry goods business and Domingo Ghirardelli began manufacturing chocolate. The first cable cars carried San Franciscans up Clay Street in 1873. The Presidio developed into the most important American military installation on the Pacific coast. By the turn of the century, San Francisco was a major city know for its flamboyant style, stately hotels, ostentatious mansions on Nob Hill, and a thriving arts scene.

At 5:12 am on April 18, 1906 a major earthquake struck San Francisco and Northern California. As buildings collapsed from the shaking, ruptured gas lines ignited fires that would burn out of control for several days. With water mains out of service, the Presidio Artillery Corps attempted to contain the inferno by dynamiting blocks of buildings to create firebreaks. More than three-quarters of the city lay in ruins, including almost all of the downtown core. Contemporary accounts reported that 498 people lost their lives, though modern estimates put the number in the several thousands. More than half the city's population of 400,000 were left homeless..

Rebuilding was rapid and performed on a grand scale. Rejecting calls to completely remake the street grid, San Franciscans opted for speed. Amadeo Giannini's Bank of Italy, later to become Bank of America, provided loans. The destroyed mansions of Nob Hill became grand hotels.

In ensuing years, the city solidified its standing as a financial capital, in the wake of the 1929 stock market crash, not a single San Francisco-based bank failed. It was at the height of the Great Depression that San Francisco undertook two great civil engineering projects, simultaneously constructing the San Francisco-Oakland Bay Bridge and Golden Gate Bridge, completed them in 1936 and 1937 respectively. It was in this period that the island of Alcatraz, a former military stockade, began its service as a federal maximum-security prison, housing notorious inmates such as Al Capone. San Francisco later celebrated its regained grandeur with the World's Fair.

During World War II, the Hunters Point Naval Shipyard became a hub of activity and Fort Mason became the primary port of embarkation for service members shipping out to the Pacific Theater of Operations. The UN Charter creating the United Nations was drafted and signed in San Francisco in 1945 and in 1951, the treaty of San Francisco officially ended the war with Japan.

Urban planning projects in the 1950s and 1960s saw widespread destruction and redevelopment of West Side neighborhoods and the construction of new freeways. Over this same period, San Francisco became a magnet for America's counterculture. Beat Generation writers fueled the San Francisco Renaissance and centered on the North Beach neighborhood in the 1950s. Hippies flocked to Haight-Ashbury in the 1960s, reaching a peak with the 1967 Summer of Love. In the 1970s, the city became a center of the gay rights movement, with emergence of The Castro as an urban gay village.

The 1989 Loma Prieta earthquake caused destruction and loss of life throughout the Bay Area. In San Francisco, the quake severely damaged structures in the Marina and South of Market districts and precipitated the demolition of the damaged Embarcadero Freeway and much of the damaged Central Freeway.

During the dot-com boom of the late 1990s, startup companies invigorated the economy. When the bubble burst in 2001, many of these companies folded and their employees left, although high technology and entrepreneurship continued to be the mainstays of the San Francisco economy. The city and County of San Francisco is the fourth most populous city in California and the 14th most populous city in the United States, with a 2007 estimated population of 764,976. San Francisco is one of the most densely populated major American cities.

OFL Franchise – California

*California City, CA

The area where California City now exists was largely uninhabited prior to the last half century. Padre Francisco Garces, a Franciscan missionary, camped at Castle Butte in what is now California City in 1176 during his exploration of Arizona and southwestern California. In the late 19th century, the Twenty-Mule Team Trail, which carried loads of borax to the railhead in Mojave from mines in the east, ran through the California City area.

California City had its origins in 1958 when real estate developer and sociology professor Nat Mendelsohn purchased 80,000 acres of Mojave Dessert land with aim of master-planning California's next great city. He designed a model city, which he hoped would one-day rival Los Angeles. Growth did not happen quite as quickly as he expected. To this day a grid of crumbling paved roads, intended to lay out residential blocks, extends well beyond the developed area of the city. California City was incorporated in 1965.

As of the census of 2000, there were 8,385 people.

OFL Franchise – Winnipeg

*Winnipeg, Manitoba, Canada

The name Winnipeg is a transcription of a western Cree word meaning, “muddy waters.”

The first Europeans arrived in the area in 1738.

Fort Gibraltar was built by the North West Company in 1809 and Fort Douglas was built by the Hudson's Bay Company in 1812. The two companies fought fiercely over trade in the area and each destroyed some of the other's forts over the course of several battles. In 1821, Hudson's Bay and North West Companies ended their long rivalry with a merger. Fort Gibraltar, within the site of present-day Winnipeg, was renamed Fort Garry in 1822 and became the leading post in the region for the Hudson's Bay Company. Fort Garry was destroyed in an 1826 flood, and rebuilt in 1835.

In 1869 to 1870, Winnipeg was the site of the Red River Rebellion, a conflict between the local provisional government of Metis led by Louis Riel and the newcomers from Eastern Canada. General Wolseley was sent to put down the rebellion. The rebellion led directly to Manitoba's entry into Confederation as Canada's fifth province in 1870. On November 8, 1873, Winnipeg was incorporated as a city. In 1876, the post office officially adopted the name “Winnipeg,” three years after the city's incorporation.

The first locomotive in Winnipeg, the Countess of Dufferin arrived via steamboat in 1877. The Canadian Pacific Railway completed the first direct rail link from Eastern Canada in 1881, opening the door to mass immigration and settlement.

Winnipeg experienced a boom during the 1890s and the first two decades of the twentieth century, and the city's population grew from 25,000 to 1891 to more than 179,000 in 1921.

Winnipeg faced financial difficulty when the Panama Canal opened in 1914. The canal reduced reliance on Canada's rail system for international trade, and the increase in ship traffic helped Vancouver surpass Winnipeg to become Canada's third-largest city in the 1960s.

As a result of a post war recession, radical union organizers, a large influx of returning soldiers, and appalling labor conditions following World War I, 35,000 Winnipeggers walked off the job in May 1919, in what came to be known as the Winnipeg General Strike of 1919. The government broke the strike through arrests, deportation and violence. The strike ended June 21, 1919, when the Riot Act was read and a group of Royal Canadian Mounted Police officers charged a group of strikers; two strikers were killed and at least thirty others were injured, resulting in the day being known as "Bloody Saturday".

The stock markets crash in 1929 only hastened an already steep decline in Winnipeg. The Great Depression resulted in massive unemployment which was worsened by drought and depressed agricultural prices.

The Depression ended when World War II broke out in 1939.

The end of World War II brought a new sense of optimism in Winnipeg. Pent-up demand brought a boom in housing development, but the building activity came to a halt due to the 1950 Red River Flood, the largest flood to hit Winnipeg since 1861. The flood held waters above flood stage for fifty-one days. On May 8, 1950, eight dikes collapsed and four of the city's eleven bridges were destroyed. Nearly 70,000 people had to be evacuated. The federal government estimated damages at over \$26 million, although the province insisted it was at least double that.

Prior to 1972, Winnipeg was the largest of thirteen cities and towns in a metropolitan area around the Red and Assiniboine rivers. Unicity was created on July 27, 1971 and took effect with the first elections in 1972. The City of Winnipeg Act incorporated the current city of Winnipeg: the municipalities of St. James-Assiniboria, St. Boniface, Transcona, St. Vital, West Kildonan, East Kildonan Tuxedo, Old Kildonan, North Kildonan, Fort Garry and Charleswood were amalgamated with the Old City of Winnipeg.

Immediately following the 1979 energy crisis Winnipeg experienced a severe economic downturn. Throughout the recession, the city incurred closures of prominent businesses such as the Winnipeg Tribune and the Swift's and Canada Packers meatpacking plants. In 1981, Winnipeg was one of the first cities in Canada to sign a tripartite agreement to redevelop its downtown area. The three levels of government, federal, provincial and municipal, have contributed over \$ 271 million to the development needs of downtown Winnipeg over the past 20 years. The funding was instrumental in attracting Portage Place mall, the headquarters of Investors Group and the offices of Air Canada.

In 1989, the reclamation and redevelopment of the CNR railyards at the mouth of the Red and Assiniboine rivers turned The Forks into Winnipeg's most popular tourist attraction.

In 1993, feeling that their community needs were not being fulfilled, the residents of Headingley seceded from Winnipeg and officially became incorporated as a municipality.

The 2006 Census has the population at 633,451. Nicknames include The Peg, Gateway to the West and Winterpeg.

OFL Franchise – Malvern

*Malvern, AL

At the 2000 census the population was 1,215.

The median income for a household in the town was \$ 31,850.

About 12.1% of families and 14.3% of the population were below the poverty line.

*Malvern, AR

Named after Malvern Hill in Virginia, Malvern was created in 1870 by the Cairo and Fulton Railroad as a city site 21 miles south of Hot Springs. On October 15, 1878 Malvern officially became the county seat of Hot Springs County.

The population was 9, 021 at the 2000 census. The city is also called the “Brick Capital of the World” due to have three Acme Brick plants in the area. Malvern hosts an annual event called “Brickfest” held the last weekend in June.

Malvern is also home to several manufacturing companies including Weyerhaeuser, Borden Chemical, Adams Face Veneer Company, Inc, Leggett & Platt Precision, Pactv Corporation and Grapette International manufacturer of Grapette soda.

Noted Malvern natives include Billy Bob Thornton and Keith Traylor.

*Malvern, IA

The pioneer village of Milton was established in the fall of 1869. It was later renamed Malvern when it was discovered that there was already another Milton, Iowa. It was one of four communities in the area that came into existence with the completion of the Burlington and Missouri River Railroad on November 18, 1869.

The success of the Malvern community has always been linked to agriculture.

The population was 1,256 at the 2000 census.

*Malvern, OH

The population was 1,218 at the 2000 census.

The median income for a household in the village was \$ 29,063.

For every 100 females age 18 and over, there were 78.7 males.

*Malvern, PA

Malvern is the site of the Paoli Massacre during the American Revolutionary War.

Named after The Malvern Hills, close to the Welsh border in England. Welsh settlers originally settled Malvern in 1600s. William Penn sold them the land for 10 cents an acre, along with the rest of the land on the Welsh tract, or the Main Line. Malvern was incorporated as a borough in 1889.

Malvern is the last stop of the original Main Line railroad into Philadelphia. Today, the railroad has expanded several more stations west of Malvern, but none are associated with the Main Line, and Malvern is still considered the end of the Main Line.

The population was 3,059 at the 2000 census.

OFL Franchise – Prairie

*Prairie, MS

Prairie is one of the Golden Triangles fastest growing areas.

OFL Franchise – Medicine

*Medicine Hat, Alberta, Canada

The name “Medicine Hat” is the English translation of Saamis-the Blackfoot word for the eagle tail feather headdress worn by medicine men-or “Medicine Hat’.

In 1883, when the Canadian Pacific Railway reached Medicine Hat and crossed the river a town site was established using the name from the Indian Legends. As the west developed Medicine Hat became instrumental with the development of the first hospital past Winnipeg in 1889 and as Canadian Pacific Railway divisional point. It was incorporated as a town on October 31,1898, and as a city on May 9, 1906. Medicine Hat is half way between Winnipeg and Vancouver.

Rich in natural resources including natural gas, coal, clay, and farmland, the town was known in the early days as “the Pittsburgh of the West”. An economic boom was experienced between 1909-1914 bringing the population to over 10,000. Little growth occurred between the World Wars, although the population swelled in the mid-1940s due to the town hosting one of the largest Second World War P.O.W camps in Canada. It was not until the 1950s that the town again experienced significant commercial development. Today, Medicine Hat prides itself as one of the most economical places to live in Canada.

Population as of 2006 was 60,120. Because of the reserves, the city is known as The Gas City. It is Alberta’s sixth largest city.

*Medicine Lodge, KS

The area that grew into the modern town of Medicine Lodge was considered sacred ground by the Kiowa tribe of Native Americans.

Population as of 2006 was 2,036.

*Medicine Lake, MT

It is the location of the highest temperature ever recorded in Montana, which was 117 degrees on July 5, 1937.

Population as of the 2000 census was 269.

*Medicine Park, OK

Medicine Park, Oklahoma on the edge of the Wichita Wildlife Refuge with Mt. Scott as backdrop, began its life in 1908 the following the return of bison to Wildlife Refuge by Teddy Roosevelt.

The population was 373 at the 2000 census.

*Medicine Bow, WY

Medicine Bow, like many other towns across southern Wyoming, was established as a result of the construction of the transcontinental railroad in 1868. The first load of cattle shipped to the Union Stockyards in Omaha came from the Medicine Bow area. Philadelphia lawyer Owen Wister used Medicine Bow as a backdrop for his novel *The Virginian*, which is considered to be the first novel of the "Western" Genre. In the early 1970s, the town suffered as a result of the opening of Interstate Highway 80 that bypassed the town, some ten miles to the south. The town experienced an economic boom in the middle 1970s when uranium mines opened north of town and coalmines west of town expanded production. Medicine Bow is one of the windiest places in America. South of town, the first experimental giant wind turbines in Wyoming were built under contract from the U.S. Bureau of Reclamation in the early 1980s. Utility-operated wind farms provide electricity from windy points near Medicine Bow.

Population as of the 2000 census was 274.

OFL Franchise – Round Rock

*Round Rock, AZ

Population as of the 2000 census was 601.

The median income for a household was \$ 16,328. About 51.9% of families and 57.1% of the population were below the poverty line.

*Round Rock, TX

In 1851 a small community was formed on the banks of Brush Creek, near a large round rock located in the middle of the creek. This round rock marked a convenient low-water crossing for wagons horses and cattle. The first postmaster called the community Brushy Creek, but in 1854 the small settlement was renamed Round Rock in honor of this now famous rock. After the Civil War, Jesse Chisholm began to move cattle from South Texas through Round Rock, on the way to Abilene, Kansas. The route he established, became known as the Chisholm Trail.

Downtown Round Rock is the site of the gunfight and subsequent capture (then death) of the nineteenth-century American train robber, Sam Bass, by the Texas Ranger Division on July 19, 1878. Each year downtown Round Rock recreates this shootout.

Round Rock is home to the Class AAA Pacific Coast League minor league baseball team Round Rock Express, which is owned by (and named for) Nolan Ryan. Round Rock calls itself the Sports Capital of Texas.

The 2005 census estimate placed the population at 86,316.

'Well, John that was....

"Boooooorrrrrinnnnng."

"That's enough Tuna, I mean Jack, John, whatever your name is. I'm going to feel sorry for whoever marries you."

"Okay class, before the bell rings, I have a few announcements."

She began to rustle through a pile of papers, "Colin, you will get extra credit for playing flag football."

She glanced up. "Karl, I'm changing your assignment a little. Instead of tracking all of Mike Jaime's trades just do his good ones."

She walked in front of her desk. "Finally I would like to thank all of you for welcoming Vince to.....Where is Vince, Lance and Jason?"

"Jason and Lance took Vince outside while everyone was sleeping through John's presentation."

She ran to the supply cupboard and dropped her head.

Quickly turning she ran out the door in hopes of finding them before Jason and Lance showed Vince this cool thing you can do with super glue.

Ring! Ring! Ring!

Class Dismissed.

FINAL 2008 OFL RUSHING LEADERS

		Att	Yds	Ave	Lg	TD			Att	Yds	Ave	Lg	TD		
1	Barber, T	FF	328	1884	5.7	39	8	16	McAllister	PWF	244	923	3.8	33	10
2	Johnson, L	KTZ	424	1814	4.3	47	17	17	Dillon	MLV	193	917	4.8	22	11
3	Tomlinson	SAC	354	1788	5.1	64	12	18	Brown, R	PWF	198	890	4.5	41	7
4	Gore	LVR	313	1721	5.5	63	10	19	Lewis, J	SF	235	869	3.7	13	2
5	James, E	FD	367	1483	4.0	18	3	20	Henry, T	DTL	176	857	4.9	62	6
6	Jackson, S	Den	333	1399	4.2	52	12	21	Addai	ANT	187	839	4.5	56	5
7	Jones, T	NJP	300	1283	4.3	21	4	22	Vick	MLV	120	803	6.7	44	3
8	Taylor, F	WIN	227	1190	5.2	37	5	23	Jones, J	FF	153	736	4.8	24	9
9	Green, A	WIN	249	1126	4.5	19	4	24	Dunn, W	RR	169	698	4.1	69	4
10	Westbrook	LVR	202	1080	5.3	59	9	25	Foster, D	ANT	199	684	3.4	30	3
11	Bell, T	BLT	212	1072	5.1	45	4	26	Norwood	Den	92	678	7.4	58	3
12	Betts	PIT	258	1056	4.1	26	6	27	Jones, K	SF	159	640	4.0	17	4
13	Jones-Drew	MLV	167	1029	6.2	71	9	28	Maroney	BLT	146	615	4.2	43	3
14	Johnson, R	NYC	257	1021	4.0	16	4	29	Alexander	MLV	129	611	4.7	29	0
15	Taylor, C	MMH	228	934	4.1	43	6	30	Parker, W	CAL	149	574	3.9	46	3

Rushing Attempts			Rushing Average			Rushing Long					
1	Johnson, L	KTZ	424	1	Jones-Drew	MLV	6.2	1	Jones-Drew	MLV	71
2	James, E	FD	367	2	Barber, T	FF	5.7	2	Dunn, W	RR	69
3	Tomlinson	SAC	354	3	Gore	LVR	5.5	3	Turner, M	DTL	65
4	Jackson, S	Den	333	4	Westbrook	LVR	5.3	4	Tomlinson	SAC	64
5	Barber, T	FF	328	5	Taylor, F	WIN	5.2	5	Gore	LVR	63
6	Gore	LVR	313	6	Bell, T	BLT	5.1	6	Henry, T	DTL	62
7	Jones, T	NJP	300	7	Tomlinson	SAC	5.1	7	Westbrook	LVR	59
8	Betts	PIT	258	8	Henry, T	DTL	4.9	8	Norwood	Den	58
9	Johnson, R	NYC	257	9	Jones, J	FF	4.8	9	Addai	ANT	56
10	Green, A	WIN	249	10	Dillon	MLV	4.8	10	Jackson, S	Den	52
11	McAllister	PWF	244	11	Alexander	MLV	4.7	11	Johnson, L	KTZ	47
12	Lewis, J	SF	235	12	Green, A	WIN	4.5	12	Parker, W	CAL	46
13	Taylor, C	MMH	228	13	Brown, R	PWF	4.5	13	Bell, M	RR	46
14	Taylor, F	WIN	227	14	Addai	ANT	4.5	14	Bell, T	BLT	45
15	Bell, T	BLT	212	15	Johnson, L	KTZ	4.3	15	Vick	MLV	44
16	Westbrook	LVR	202	16	Jones, T	NJP	4.3				

Rushing Touchdowns			Rushing Gains Of 10+			Rushing First Downs					
1	Johnson, L	KTZ	17	1	Barber, T	FF	52	1	Gore	LVR	88
2	Jackson, S	Den	12	2	Gore	LVR	42	2	Barber, T	FF	84
3	Tomlinson	SAC	12	3	Vick	MLV	37	3	James, E	FD	81
4	Dillon	MLV	11	4	Jones-Drew	MLV	35	4	Tomlinson	SAC	80
5	Jacobs	DTL	11	5	Jones, T	NJP	33	5	Jackson, S	Den	76
6	Alstott	FF	11	6	Tomlinson	SAC	33	6	Johnson, L	KTZ	75
7	McAllister	PWF	10	7	Johnson, L	KTZ	32	7	Taylor, F	WIN	62
8	Gore	LVR	10	8	Taylor, F	WIN	32	8	Westbrook	LVR	57
9	Westbrook	LVR	9	9	Norwood	Den	29	9	Jones, T	NJP	56
10	Jones-Drew	MLV	9	10	Westbrook	LVR	29	10	Betts	PIT	54
11	Jones, J	FF	9	11	Betts	PIT	28	11	Jones-Drew	MLV	53
12	Barber, T	FF	8	12	Jackson, S	Den	24	12	Green, A	WIN	53
13	Brown, R	PWF	7	13	Bell, T	BLT	24	13	Johnson, R	NYC	53
14	Henry, T	DTL	6	14	James, E	FD	21	14	Dillon	MLV	51
15	Betts	PIT	6	15	Green, A	WIN	20	15	McAllister	PWF	50
16	Taylor, C	MMH	6	16	Addai	ANT	20				

Rushing First Down%			Rushing Touchdown%			Yards/Game					
1	Jones-Drew	MLV	31.7	1	Jones, J	FF	5.9	1	Barber, T	FF	125.6
2	Jones, J	FF	28.8	2	Dillon	MLV	5.7	2	Johnson, L	KTZ	113.4
3	Westbrook	LVR	28.2	3	Jones-Drew	MLV	5.4	3	Tomlinson	SAC	111.8
4	Gore	LVR	28.1	4	Westbrook	LVR	4.5	4	Gore	LVR	107.6
5	Taylor, F	WIN	27.3	5	McAllister	PWF	4.1	5	James, E	FD	92.7
6	Dillon	MLV	26.4	6	Johnson, L	KTZ	4.0	6	Jackson, S	Den	87.4
7	Barber, T	FF	25.6	7	Jackson, S	Den	3.6	7	Green, A	WIN	80.4
8	Henry, T	DTL	24.4	8	Brown, R	PWF	3.5	8	Jones, T	NJP	80.2
9	Brown, R	PWF	23.2	9	Henry, T	DTL	3.4	9	Taylor, F	WIN	79.3
10	Jackson, S	Den	22.8	10	Tomlinson	SAC	3.4	10	Bell, T	BLT	76.6
11	Tomlinson	SAC	22.6	11	Gore	LVR	3.2	11	Westbrook	LVR	72.0
12	James, E	FD	22.1	12	Addai	ANT	2.7	12	Brown, R	PWF	68.5
13	Addai	ANT	21.9	13	Taylor, C	MMH	2.6	13	Alexander	MLV	67.9
14	Maroney	BLT	21.9	14	Jones, K	SF	2.5	14	Betts	PIT	66.0
15	Green, A	WIN	21.3	15	Barber, T	FF	2.4	15	McAllister	PWF	65.9

FINAL 2008 OFL RECEIVING LEADERS

	No	Yds	Ave	Lg	TD		No	Yds	Ave	Lg	TD				
1	Bush, R	RR	88	719	8.2	25	5	16	Ward, H	WIN	62	823	13.3	30	6
2	Wayne, R	PIT	86	1068	12.4	42	4	17	Moulds	CAL	62	634	10.2	31	2
3	Johnson, A	WIN	86	1404	16.3	52	20	18	Tomlinson	SAC	61	466	7.6	23	1
4	Smith, S	FD	85	1295	15.2	53	8	19	Welker	SAC	61	645	10.6	23	7
5	Boldin	KTZ	84	1242	14.8	39	6	20	Furrey	LVR	61	749	12.3	35	8
6	Johnson, C	MLV	79	1430	18.1	61	11	21	Williams, R	Den	59	744	12.6	29	4
7	Harrison, M	PWF	78	1199	15.4	67	12	22	Chambers	MMH	58	1127	19.4	59	7
8	Jackson, S	Den	75	555	7.4	29	2	23	Mason	FF	57	862	15.1	41	7
9	Holt, T	SF	75	1275	17.0	52	12	24	Cotchery	NJP	56	631	11.3	40	3
10	Glenn, T	SAC	72	836	11.6	33	9	25	Crumpler	KTZ	56	537	9.6	37	8
11	Owens, T	Den	72	1233	17.1	57	10	26	Bruce	MLV	56	1024	18.3	58	9
12	Gonzalez	FF	66	852	12.9	39	8	27	Colston	RR	56	809	14.4	61	7
13	Walker, J	SF	66	972	14.7	60	13	28	Battle	CAL	55	618	11.2	33	2
14	Winslow	WIN	66	767	11.6	33	4	29	Taylor, T	KTZ	55	717	13.0	32	6
15	Muhammad	FD	66	920	13.9	38	11	30	Houshmandz	PWF	52	626	12.0	35	6

Receiving Yards			Receiving Average			Receiving Long					
1	Johnson, C	MLV	1430	1	Galloway	LVR	23.5	1	Driver	RR	91
2	Johnson, A	WIN	1404	2	Evans, L	PIT	21.3	2	Henry, C	NYC	90
3	Smith, S	FD	1295	3	Chambers	MMH	19.4	3	McMichael	MLV	75
4	Holt, T	SF	1275	4	Jones, M	DTL	19.4	4	Galloway	LVR	69
5	Boldin	KTZ	1242	5	Bruce	MLV	18.3	5	Baskett	DTL	67
6	Owens, T	Den	1233	6	Johnson, C	MLV	18.1	6	Harrison, M	PWF	67
7	Harrison, M	PWF	1199	7	Driver	RR	17.4	7	Bryant, A	BLT	63
8	Chambers	MMH	1127	8	Moss, R	ANT	17.3	8	Johnson, C	MLV	61
9	Wayne, R	PIT	1068	9	Jackson, D	BLT	17.3	9	Colston	RR	61
10	Bruce	MLV	1024	10	Owens, T	Den	17.1	10	Kennison	BLT	60
11	Evans, L	PIT	1003	11	Holt, T	SF	17.0	11	Walker, J	SF	60
12	Walker, J	SF	972	12	Johnson, A	WIN	16.3	12	Chambers	MMH	59
13	Galloway	LVR	940	13	Crayton	MMH	16.1	13	Bruce	MLV	58
14	Muhammad	FD	920	14	Holmes, S	ANT	15.5	14	Johnson, B	CAL	58

Receiving Touchdowns				Receiving Gains Of 25+			Receiving First Downs				
1	Johnson,A	WIN	20	1	Evans,L	PIT	18	1	Boldin	KTZ	80
2	Walker,J	SF	13	2	Johnson,C	MLV	17	2	Johnson,A	WIN	74
3	Galloway	LVR	12	3	Holt,T	SF	16	3	Smith,S	FD	67
4	Holt,T	SF	12	4	Johnson,A	WIN	14	4	Wayne,R	PIT	65
5	Harrison,M	PWF	12	5	Walker,J	SF	13	5	Johnson,C	MLV	65
6	Johnson,C	MLV	11	6	Chambers	MMH	13	6	Harrison,M	PWF	63
7	Muhammad	FD	11	7	Galloway	LVR	12	7	Holt,T	SF	58
8	Owens,T	Den	10	8	Bruce	MLV	12	8	Owens,T	Den	58
9	Evans,L	PIT	9	9	Owens,T	Den	12	9	Muhammad	FD	57
10	Witten	BLT	9	10	Moss,R	ANT	10	10	Ward,H	WIN	56
11	Bruce	MLV	9	11	Harrison,M	PWF	9	11	Glenn,T	SAC	55
12	Glenn,T	SAC	9	12	Driver	RR	9	12	Chambers	MMH	54
				13	Jones,M	DTL	9	13	Furrey	LVR	52
				14	Smith,S	FD	9	14	Walker,J	SF	50

Receiving Drops				Receiving Pass Attempts			Receiving First Down%				
1	Johnson,A	WIN	19	1	Johnson,A	WIN	161	1	Boldin	KTZ	95.2
2	Moss,R	ANT	16	2	Smith,S	FD	147	2	Chambers	MMH	93.1
3	Jackson,D	BLT	14	3	Bush,R	RR	145	3	Coles	LVR	91.8
4	Driver	RR	12	4	Holt,T	SF	140	4	Price	DTL	91.1
5	Smith,S	FD	12	5	Johnson,C	MLV	140	5	Ward,H	WIN	90.3
6	Chambers	MMH	10	6	Glenn,T	SAC	133	6	Crayton	MMH	88.6
7	Bush,R	RR	10	7	Wayne,R	PIT	130	7	Galloway	LVR	87.5
8	Galloway	LVR	8	8	Harrison,M	PWF	128	8	Jackson,D	BLT	87.2
9	Owens,T	Den	7	9	Jackson,S	Den	119	9	Jones,M	DTL	87.2
10	Watson,B	NYC	7	10	Boldin	KTZ	115	10	Muhammad	FD	86.4
11	Henry,C	NYC	7	11	Muhammad	FD	113				
12	Williams,R	RRC	7	12	Winslow	WIN	111				

Receiving Touchdown%				RAC Yards			RAC Yards/Catch				
1	Galloway	LVR	30.0	1	Johnson,C	MLV	635	1	Evans,L	PIT	8.8
2	Johnson,A	WIN	23.3	2	Bruce	MLV	486	2	Bruce	MLV	8.7
3	Heap	LVR	20.6	3	Harrison,M	PWF	462	3	Johnson,K	BLT	8.3
4	Johnson,K	BLT	20.5	4	Johnson,A	WIN	428	4	Galloway	LVR	8.2
5	Walker,J	SF	19.7	5	Owens,T	Den	414	5	Witten	BLT	8.1
6	Witten	BLT	19.6	6	Evans,L	PIT	412	6	Johnson,C	MLV	8.0
7	Evans,L	PIT	19.1	7	Boldin	KTZ	412	7	Jackson,D	BLT	7.9
8	Watson,B	NYC	19.0	8	Witten	BLT	373	8	Caldwell,R	FF	7.1
9	Muhammad	FD	16.7	9	Jackson,D	BLT	372	9	Wrightster	MMH	7.0
10	Coles	LVR	16.3	10	Smith,S	FD	356	10	Westbrook	LVR	6.8
11	Bruce	MLV	16.1	11	Bush,R	RR	356	11	Jones,M	DTL	6.5
12	Holt,T	SF	16.0	12	Mason	FF	353	12	Mason	FF	6.2
13	McMichael	MLV	15.9	13	Wayne,R	PIT	351	13	Taylor,C	MMH	6.1
14	Harrison,M	PWF	15.4	14	Holt,T	SF	350				

Yards/Game			
1	Johnson,C	MLV	89.4
2	Johnson,A	WIN	87.8
3	Smith,S	FD	86.3
4	Holt,T	SF	79.7
5	Boldin	KTZ	77.6
6	Owens,T	Den	77.1
7	Harrison,M	PWF	74.9
8	Chambers	MMH	70.4
9	Wayne,R	PIT	66.8
10	Bruce	MLV	64.0

FINAL 2008 OFL PASSING LEADERS

		Att	Cmp	C%	Yards	In	I%	Lg	TD	TD%	Rate	
1	McNair	LVR	368	246	66.8	3372	6	1.6	69	41	11.1	126.3
2	Bulger	FF	349	225	64.5	2838	5	1.4	46	28	8.0	110.5
3	Vick	MLV	220	125	56.8	2012	7	3.2	75	22	10.0	107.6
4	Warner	MLV	178	106	59.6	1621	4	2.2	61	14	7.9	106.5
5	Huard	WIN	232	144	62.1	1952	4	1.7	45	17	7.3	106.1
6	McNabb	BLT	243	138	56.8	2166	9	3.7	63	24	9.9	104.0
7	Palmer,C	PWF	381	232	60.9	2976	9	2.4	67	29	7.6	100.9
8	Manning,E	WIN	390	225	57.7	2805	9	2.3	52	33	8.5	98.7
9	Kitna	KTZ	424	279	65.8	3438	16	3.8	39	26	6.1	95.4
10	Delhomme	Den	384	248	64.6	2834	8	2.1	57	20	5.2	95.3
11	Brady,T	SF	478	281	58.8	3535	14	2.9	60	33	6.9	92.7
12	Brees	MMH	544	319	58.6	4228	15	2.8	59	27	5.0	88.4
13	Romo	ANT	343	212	61.8	2704	12	3.5	53	17	5.0	88.4
14	Johnson,B	SAC	339	206	60.8	2211	8	2.4	40	18	5.3	87.8
15	Rivers	DTL	350	209	59.7	2799	11	3.1	67	16	4.6	87.3
16	Garcia,J	SAC	191	108	56.5	1233	3	1.6	50	9	4.7	85.3
17	Manning,P	FD	473	267	56.4	3201	12	2.5	53	23	4.9	83.0
18	Favre	RR	447	254	56.8	2881	13	2.9	91	22	4.9	80.6
19	Leinart	NYC	346	180	52.0	2204	15	4.3	74	16	4.6	69.3
20	Pennington	CAL	323	202	62.5	2037	18	5.6	58	10	3.1	67.6
21	Carr,D	CAL	267	174	65.2	1509	12	4.5	43	5	1.9	67.5
22	Plummer,J	PIT	234	125	53.4	1530	10	4.3	47	6	2.6	64.6
23	Roethlisbe	NJP	397	188	47.4	2061	11	2.8	46	11	2.8	60.9
24	Young,V	RRC	290	133	45.9	1374	11	3.8	52	8	2.8	53.4

Pass Attempts			Pass Completions			Passing Yards					
1	Brees	MMH	544	1	Brees	MMH	319	1	Brees	MMH	4228
2	Brady,T	SF	478	2	Brady,T	SF	281	2	Brady,T	SF	3535
3	Manning,P	FD	473	3	Kitna	KTZ	279	3	Kitna	KTZ	3438
4	Favre	RR	447	4	Manning,P	FD	267	4	McNair	LVR	3372
5	Kitna	KTZ	424	5	Favre	RR	254	5	Manning,P	FD	3201
6	Roethlisbe	NJP	397	6	Delhomme	Den	248	6	Palmer,C	PWF	2976
7	Manning,E	WIN	390	7	McNair	LVR	246	7	Favre	RR	2881
8	Delhomme	Den	384	8	Palmer,C	PWF	232	8	Bulger	FF	2838
9	Palmer,C	PWF	381	9	Manning,E	WIN	225	9	Delhomme	Den	2834
10	McNair	LVR	368	10	Bulger	FF	225	10	Manning,E	WIN	2805
11	Rivers	DTL	350	11	Romo	ANT	212	11	Rivers	DTL	2799
12	Bulger	FF	349	12	Rivers	DTL	209	12	Romo	ANT	2704

Interceptions			Touchdowns			Yards/Attempt					
1	Pennington	CAL	18	1	McNair	LVR	41	1	McNair	LVR	9.2
2	Kitna	KTZ	16	2	Manning,E	WIN	33	2	Vick	MLV	9.1
3	Leinart	NYC	15	3	Brady,T	SF	33	3	Warner	MLV	9.1
4	Brees	MMH	15	4	Palmer,C	PWF	29	4	McNabb	BLT	8.9
5	Brady,T	SF	14	5	Bulger	FF	28	5	Huard	WIN	8.4
6	Favre	RR	13	6	Brees	MMH	27	6	Bulger	FF	8.1
7	Manning,P	FD	12	7	Kitna	KTZ	26	7	Kitna	KTZ	8.1
8	Romo	ANT	12	8	McNabb	BLT	24	8	Rivers	DTL	8.0
9	Carr,D	CAL	12	9	Manning,P	FD	23	9	Romo	ANT	7.9
10	Rivers	DTL	11	10	Favre	RR	22	10	Palmer,C	PWF	7.8
11	Roethlisbe	NJP	11	11	Vick	MLV	22	11	Brees	MMH	7.8
12	Young,V	RRC	11	12	Delhomme	Den	20	12	Brady,T	SF	7.4
13	Plummer,J	PIT	10	13	Johnson,B	SAC	18	13	Delhomme	Den	7.4

Yards/Completion			Completion%			Interception%		
1	Vick	MLV 16.1	1	McNair	LVR 66.8	1	Bulger	FF 1.4
2	McNabb	BLT 15.7	2	Kitna	KTZ 65.8	2	Garcia,J	SAC 1.6
3	Warner	MLV 15.3	3	Carr,D	CAL 65.2	3	McNair	LVR 1.6
4	McNair	LVR 13.7	4	Delhomme	Den 64.6	4	Huard	WIN 1.7
5	Huard	WIN 13.6	5	Bulger	FF 64.5	5	Delhomme	Den 2.1
6	Rivers	DTL 13.4	6	Pennington	CAL 62.5	6	Warner	MLV 2.2
7	Brees	MMH 13.3	7	Huard	WIN 62.1	7	Manning,E	WIN 2.3
8	Palmer,C	PWF 12.8	8	Romo	ANT 61.8	8	Johnson,B	SAC 2.4
9	Smith,A	BLT 12.8	9	Palmer,C	PWF 60.9	9	Palmer,C	PWF 2.4
10	Romo	ANT 12.8	10	Johnson,B	SAC 60.8	10	Manning,P	FD 2.5
11	Bulger	FF 12.6	11	Rivers	DTL 59.7	11	Brees	MMH 2.8
12	Brady,T	SF 12.6	12	Warner	MLV 59.6	12	Roethlisbe	NJP 2.8

Touchdown%			Times Sacked			Sack%		
1	McNair	LVR 11.1	1	Kitna	KTZ 42	1	Garcia,J	SAC 3.0
2	Vick	MLV 10.0	2	Brady,T	SF 37	2	Leinart	NYC 3.4
3	McNabb	BLT 9.9	3	Roethlisbe	NJP 37	3	McNair	LVR 3.4
4	Manning,E	WIN 8.5	4	Brees	MMH 31	4	Manning,P	FD 4.3
5	Bulger	FF 8.0	5	Pennington	CAL 30	5	Manning,E	WIN 4.6
6	Warner	MLV 7.9	6	Carr,D	CAL 26	6	Johnson,B	SAC 4.8
7	Palmer,C	PWF 7.6	7	Delhomme	Den 25	7	Favre	RR 4.9
8	Huard	WIN 7.3	8	Romo	ANT 24	8	Brees	MMH 5.4
9	Brady,T	SF 6.9	9	Bulger	FF 24	9	McNabb	BLT 5.4
10	Kitna	KTZ 6.1	10	Favre	RR 23	10	Plummer,J	PIT 5.6
11	Smith,A	BLT 5.8	11	Palmer,C	PWF 23	11	Rivers	DTL 5.7
12	Johnson,B	SAC 5.3	12	Young,V	RRC 22	12	Palmer,C	PWF 5.7
13	Delhomme	Den 5.2	13	Manning,P	FD 21	13	Warner	MLV 5.8
14	Brees	MMH 5.0	14	Rivers	DTL 21	14	Delhomme	Den 6.1
15	Romo	ANT 5.0	15	Green,T	RRC 20	15	Bulger	FF 6.4

Yards/Game			Pass Gains 25+			Bad Passes		
1	Brees	MMH 264.3	1	Brees	MMH 31	1	Roethlisbe	NJP 56
2	Brady,T	SF 220.9	2	Brady,T	SF 31	2	Brees	MMH 53
3	Kitna	KTZ 214.9	3	McNair	LVR 24	3	Brady,T	SF 44
4	McNair	LVR 210.8	4	Rivers	DTL 21	4	Manning,E	WIN 42
5	Delhomme	Den 202.4	5	Vick	MLV 21	5	Favre	RR 41
6	Manning,P	FD 200.1	6	McNabb	BLT 20	6	Rivers	DTL 40
7	Bulger	FF 189.2	7	Favre	RR 20	7	Kitna	KTZ 40
8	Manning,E	WIN 187.0	8	Romo	ANT 19	8	Leinart	NYC 39
9	Palmer,C	PWF 186.0	9	Bulger	FF 19	9	Manning,P	FD 37
10	McNabb	BLT 180.5	10	Kitna	KTZ 16	10	Young,V	RRC 37
11	Romo	ANT 180.3	11	Manning,E	WIN 15	11	Romo	ANT 32
12	Favre	RR 180.1	12	Plummer,J	PIT 15	12	Johnson,B	SAC 30
13	Huard	WIN 177.5	13	Huard	WIN 15	13	Delhomme	Den 28
14	Rivers	DTL 174.9	14	Roethlisbe	NJP 15	14	Plummer,J	PIT 27

FINAL 2008 OFL INTERCEPTION LEADERS

	No	Yards	Ave	Lg	TD		No	Yards	Ave	Lg	TD		
1 Bailey,C	FF	7	174	24.9	42	1	17 Brown,F	NYC	3	4	1.3	3	0
2 Harris,W	Den	6	75	12.5	27	1	18 Jammer	LVR	3	2	0.7	2	0
3 Mathis,R	Den	6	55	9.2	27	0	19 Williams,R	PIT	3	55	18.3	30	0
4 McAlister	FF	5	144	28.8	54	2	20 Law	PIT	3	20	6.7	15	0
5 Jones,P	DTL	5	185	37.0	76	1	21 Kaesviharn	NJP	3	31	10.3	20	0
6 Marshall,R	FD	4	114	28.5	41	0	22 Robinson,D	RR	3	17	5.7	6	0
7 Woodson	KTZ	4	72	18.0	31	0	23 Scott,B	MLV	3	3	1.0	3	0
8 Hall,D	BLT	4	72	18.0	29	1	24 Bly	DTL	3	21	7.0	18	0
9 Tillman,C	LVR	4	42	10.5	18	0	25 Grant,D	Den	3	44	14.7	36	0
10 Dawkins	MLV	4	82	20.5	30	0	26 Florence	NYC	3	39	13.0	31	0
11 Henry,A	MMH	4	131	32.8	51	2	27 Samuel	PWF	3	13	4.3	12	0
12 Rhodes,K	MMH	4	88	22.0	37	0	28 Bodden	NYC	3	6	2.0	6	0
13 Holly	MMH	4	93	23.3	72	1	29 Manning Jr	SAC	3	9	3.0	9	0
14 Harris,A	PWF	4	33	8.3	18	0	30 Briggs	WIN	3	23	7.7	14	0
15 Wilson,A	PWF	4	90	22.5	47	1	31 Urlacher	KTZ	3	18	6.0	14	0
16 Fletcher-B	WIN	4	41	10.3	17	0	32 Reed,E	WIN	3	93	31.0	54	0

FINAL 2008 OFL SACK LEADERS

1 Kampman	MMH	16	12 McCray,B	Den	9	23 Henderson	MLV	7
2 Thomas,A	FF	15	13 Suggs,T	NYC	9	24 Williams,K	FF	7
3 Pryce	FF	15	14 Hali	LVR	9	25 Ellis,S	KTZ	7
4 Burgess	MLV	14	15 Smith,W	PIT	9	26 Scott,D	FD	7
5 Peppers	PWF	13	16 Holliday	FD	8	27 Freeney	SAC	7
6 Schobel,A	WIN	13	17 Cole,T	LVR	8	28 Glover	SAC	7
7 Taylor,J	PWF	12	18 Colvin	LVR	8	29 Moore,B	NJP	7
8 Sapp,W	MLV	11	19 Okeafor	Den	8	30 Grant,C	SF	7
9 Geathers	NYC	10	20 Wimbley	FD	8	31 Gbaja-Biam	DTL	7
10 Little	WIN	10	21 Ekuban	ANT	8			
11 Peterson,J	WIN	10	22 Anderson,M	NJP	8			

FINAL 2008 OFL TACKLE LEADERS

1 Thomas,Z	ANT	146	10 Draft	MMH	125	19 Farrior	Den	106
2 Kampman	MMH	142	11 Bulluck	CAL	125	20 Vanden Bos	NJP	106
3 Barton	SF	140	12 Lewis,R	SAC	125	21 Sims,E	Den	103
4 Allen,J	RRC	131	13 Hawk	DTL	121	22 Brooks,D	BLT	102
5 Mitchell,K	RRC	131	14 Davis,A	NYC	119	23 Robinson,D	RR	101
6 Urlacher	KTZ	129	15 Edwards,D	SAC	116	24 Crowell	BLT	100
7 Suggs,T	NYC	127	16 Scott,B	MLV	111	25 Wilson,A	CAL	100
8 Howard,T	DTL	126	17 Sirmon	SAC	109	26 Schweigert	SF	99
9 Shanle	RR	125	18 Brooking	PWF	109			

FINAL 2008 OFL KICK RETURN LEADERS

		No	Yds	Ave	Lg	TD			No	Yds	Ave	Lg	TD		
1	Turner, M	DTL	31	888	28.6	47	0	14	Arrington	FF	36	829	23.0	36	0
2	Hester	WIN	20	570	28.5	96	2	15	Drummond	NJP	61	1402	23.0	64	0
3	McGee	WIN	23	655	28.5	38	0	16	Rossum	NJP	20	453	22.7	35	0
4	Sams	PIT	33	901	27.3	59	0	17	Hall, D	ANT	68	1513	22.3	64	0
5	Miller, J	LVR	37	1001	27.1	95	1	18	Faulk, K	MMH	27	585	21.7	36	0
6	Carr, C	SF	71	1881	26.5	45	0	19	Thompson, T	RRC	34	718	21.1	38	0
7	Maroney	BLT	33	873	26.5	42	0	20	Davis, R	RR	64	1333	20.8	43	1
8	Cribbs	PWF	54	1416	26.2	95	1	21	Morency	MMH	46	905	19.7	38	0
9	Wade, B	KTZ	56	1350	24.1	41	0	22	Johnson, B	CAL	83	1623	19.6	67	0
10	Pittman, M	BLT	35	821	23.5	38	0	23	Burleson	NYC	58	1099	18.9	53	0
11	Jones-Drew	MLV	32	749	23.4	39	0	24	Norwood	Den	40	656	16.4	39	0
12	Mathis, J	NYC	20	466	23.3	76	0	25	Marshall, R	FD	63	836	13.3	29	0
13	Cartwright	SAC	65	1513	23.3	97	1	26	McDonald	RRC	35	353	10.1	13	0

FINAL 2008 OFL PUNT RETURN LEADERS

		No	Fc	Yds	Ave	Lg	TD			No	Fc	Yds	Ave	Lg	TD		
1	Hester	WIN	34	17	629	18.5	83	3	11	Rossum	NJP	24	9	245	10.2	33	0
2	Jones, P	DTL	34	3	523	15.4	88	2	12	Welker	SAC	26	15	258	9.9	19	0
3	Northcutt	Den	32	18	458	14.3	75	0	13	Woodson	KTZ	42	2	388	9.2	21	0
4	Parrish, R	MMH	28	6	391	14.0	82	1	14	Williams, D	LVR	18	18	159	8.8	19	0
5	Walters	MLV	30	19	375	12.5	36	0	15	Carr, C	SF	32	16	278	8.7	31	0
6	Burleson	NYC	21	5	262	12.5	88	1	16	McDonald	RRC	22	10	172	7.8	19	0
7	Sams	PIT	27	1	318	11.8	26	0	17	Hilliard, I	FD	42	3	285	6.8	22	0
8	Moore, M	PWF	32	8	371	11.6	60	1	18	Pearman	CAL	16	7	96	6.0	15	0
9	Wynn, D	BLT	33	9	380	11.5	48	0	19	Hall, D	ANT	19	1	108	5.7	15	0
10	Wilkins, T	FF	26	18	295	11.3	83	1	20	Randle El	RR	15	4	114	7.6	18	0

FINAL 2008 OFL PLACE KICKING LEADERS

		FGA	FGM	FG%	40	50	Lg	Pts	
1	Stover	FF	32	29	90.6	9	2	51	148
2	Akers	LVR	26	25	96.2	2	0	45	142
3	Brown, J	Den	33	30	90.9	7	1	50	138
4	Kasay	KTZ	31	29	93.5	8	0	48	132
5	Graham, S	PWF	27	24	88.9	8	1	50	126
6	Kaeding	SAC	31	25	80.6	10	3	52	116
7	Elam, J	BLT	25	22	88.0	5	0	48	115
8	Scobee	DTL	28	23	82.1	10	0	48	115
9	Hanson, J	FD	29	27	93.1	11	3	56	111
10	Gould	RR	30	27	90.0	9	0	49	111
11	Rackers	MMH	29	23	79.3	5	1	51	107
12	Nugent	MLV	40	33	82.5	12	0	49	106
13	Feely	NYC	23	22	95.7	7	0	47	100
14	Bryant, M	PIT	27	23	85.2	4	1	50	99
15	Carney	WIN	25	24	96.0	6	2	50	98
16	Wilkins, J	NJP	39	25	64.1	11	3	56	92
17	Tynes	ANT	24	19	79.2	7	0	48	84
18	Bironas	WIN	15	11	73.3	3	2	51	64
19	Nedney	CAL	22	15	68.2	7	1	53	64
20	Lindell	RRC	17	13	76.5	4	1	52	50

FINAL 2008 OFL PUNTING LEADERS

		No	Yards	Tb	20	Lg	Bk	Ave
1	McBriar	MMH	69	3186	10	23	74	0 46.2
2	Plackemeie	RR	70	3225	10	14	64	0 46.1
3	Moorman	CAL	98	4507	9	22	71	0 46.0
4	Lechler	LVR	35	1602	6	13	62	1 45.8
5	Harris,N	SF	82	3746	14	24	67	0 45.7
6	Graham,B	RRC	92	4145	7	18	90	0 45.1
7	Lee,A	SAC	47	2113	4	12	56	0 45.0
8	Baker,J	BLT	56	2517	6	12	61	0 44.9
9	Larson	ANT	61	2739	5	15	62	0 44.9
10	Colquitt	NJP	70	3092	5	18	63	0 44.2
11	Ryan,J	MLV	62	2737	8	21	75	0 44.1
12	Bidwell	PWF	49	2152	8	13	60	0 43.9
13	Zastudil	Den	73	3195	11	21	73	0 43.8
14	Hentrich	FD	69	2992	6	24	61	0 43.4
15	Smith,H	WIN	48	2064	6	15	59	0 43.0
16	Scifres	DTL	69	2938	5	21	73	0 42.6
17	Maynard	KTZ	54	2283	7	21	63	0 42.3
18	Koch	FF	46	1873	5	13	62	0 40.7
19	Kluwe	NYC	60	2373	4	17	62	0 39.6
20	Hanson,C	PIT	55	2153	4	18	57	0 39.1

FINAL 2008 OFL SCORING LEADERS

		Tot	FG	XP	TwoPt	Rush	Rec	Int	K-Ret	P-Ret	F-TD	Sfty
1	Stover	FF	148	29	61	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	Akers	LVR	142	25	67	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	Brown,J	Den	138	30	48	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	Kasay	KTZ	132	29	45	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5	Graham,S	PWF	126	24	54	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
6	Johnson,A	WIN	120	0	0	0	0	20	0	0	0	0
7	Kaeding	SAC	116	25	41	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8	Elam,J	BLT	115	22	49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
9	Scobee	DTL	115	23	46	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10	Johnson,L	KTZ	114	0	0	0	17	2	0	0	0	0
11	Gould	RR	111	27	30	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
12	Hanson,J	FD	111	27	30	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
13	Rackers	MMH	107	23	38	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
14	Nugent	MLV	106	33	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
15	Feely	NYC	100	22	34	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
16	Bryant,M	PIT	99	23	30	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
17	Carney	WIN	98	24	26	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
18	Wilkins,J	NJP	92	25	17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
19	Jackson,S	Den	84	0	0	0	12	2	0	0	0	0
20	Tynes	ANT	84	19	27	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
21	Walker,J	SF	84	0	0	0	1	13	0	0	0	0
22	Westbrook	LVR	84	0	0	0	9	5	0	0	0	0
23	Jones-Drew	MLV	84	0	0	0	9	5	0	0	0	0
24	Tomlinson	SAC	78	0	0	0	12	1	0	0	0	0
25	Harrison,M	PWF	72	0	0	0	0	12	0	0	0	0
26	Gore	LVR	72	0	0	0	10	2	0	0	0	0
27	Alstott	FF	72	0	0	0	11	1	0	0	0	0
28	Holt,T	SF	72	0	0	0	0	12	0	0	0	0
29	Galloway	LVR	72	0	0	0	0	12	0	0	0	0

FINAL 2008 OFL TEAM OFFENSE

Offense	Run	Yards	Ave	TD	Pass	Comp	Comp%	Yards	Ave	Int	Int%	TD	TD%	Rate	Run/G	Pass/G	Tot/G	Play
Malvern	640	3355	5.2	23	416	240	57.7	3546	8.5	13	3.1	36	8.7	103.2	209.7	221.6	431.3	6.4
Denver	672	2886	4.3	21	479	306	63.9	3442	7.2	12	2.5	25	5.2	93.8	180.4	215.1	395.5	5.4
Las Vegas	579	2895	5.0	19	384	251	65.4	3355	8.7	7	1.8	38	9.9	119.3	180.9	209.7	390.6	6.4
Winnipeg	544	2583	4.7	11	498	292	58.6	3565	7.2	9	1.8	34	6.8	97.4	161.4	222.8	384.3	5.8
Fresno	638	3182	5.0	30	372	241	64.8	2916	7.8	5	1.3	29	7.8	111.3	198.9	182.3	381.1	5.9
Medicine	456	1726	3.8	10	545	320	58.7	4095	7.5	15	2.8	27	5.0	88.8	107.9	255.9	363.8	5.6
Baltimore	554	2439	4.4	12	418	233	55.7	3166	7.6	15	3.6	34	8.1	94.3	152.4	197.9	350.3	5.6
Sacramento	471	2217	4.7	12	530	314	59.2	3309	6.2	11	2.1	24	4.5	85.0	138.6	206.8	345.4	5.4
Kutztown	550	2166	3.9	14	443	291	65.7	3326	7.5	16	3.6	25	5.6	94.3	135.4	207.9	343.3	5.3
San Francisco	534	2140	4.0	9	479	282	58.9	3309	6.9	14	2.9	33	6.9	92.7	133.8	206.8	340.6	5.2
Prairie	498	2101	4.2	17	432	263	60.9	3163	7.3	12	2.8	34	7.9	99.5	131.3	197.7	329.0	5.5
Antelope	489	1888	3.9	8	480	296	61.7	3255	6.8	20	4.2	20	4.2	80.0	118.0	203.4	321.4	5.1
Florida	545	2040	3.7	8	483	270	55.9	3060	6.3	14	2.9	23	4.8	80.3	127.5	191.3	318.8	4.9
Pittsburgh	486	1855	3.8	6	476	273	57.4	3242	6.8	17	3.6	23	4.8	81.3	115.9	202.6	318.6	5.1
New York	470	1844	3.9	11	512	270	52.7	3162	6.2	23	4.5	22	4.3	69.0	115.3	197.6	312.9	5.0
Durham	555	2187	3.9	23	355	212	59.7	2698	7.6	12	3.4	14	3.9	84.2	136.7	168.6	305.3	5.2
Ringgold	428	1639	3.8	6	478	275	57.5	2933	6.1	14	2.9	24	5.0	81.6	102.4	183.3	285.8	4.9
California	321	1036	3.2	4	591	376	63.6	3172	5.4	30	5.1	15	2.5	67.4	64.8	198.3	263.0	4.3
New Jersey	473	1796	3.8	5	478	229	47.9	2201	4.6	16	3.3	10	2.1	56.6	112.3	137.6	249.8	4.0
Round Rock	387	1307	3.4	8	484	235	48.6	2189	4.5	16	3.3	11	2.3	57.2	81.7	136.8	218.5	3.8

Net Yards		Net Yards/Game		Points	
1 Malvern	6901	1 Malvern	431.3	1 Las Vegas	550
2 Denver	6328	2 Denver	395.5	2 Winnipeg	530
3 Las Vegas	6250	3 Las Vegas	390.6	3 Fresno	530
4 Winnipeg	6148	4 Winnipeg	384.3	4 Malvern	518
5 Fresno	6098	5 Fresno	381.1	5 Prairie	462
6 Medicine	5821	6 Medicine	363.8	6 Denver	426
7 Baltimore	5605	7 Baltimore	350.3	7 Baltimore	409
8 Sacramento	5526	8 Sacramento	345.4	8 Kutztown	402
9 Kutztown	5492	9 Kutztown	343.3	9 Durham	393
10 San Francisco	5449	10 San Francisco	340.6	10 Sacramento	368
11 Prairie	5264	11 Prairie	329.0	11 Medicine	359
12 Antelope	5143	12 Antelope	321.4	12 San Francisco	353
13 Florida	5100	13 Florida	318.8	13 New York	304
14 Pittsburgh	5097	14 Pittsburgh	318.6	14 Florida	299
15 New York	5006	15 New York	312.9	15 Ringgold	299
16 Durham	4885	16 Durham	305.3	16 Pittsburgh	291
17 Ringgold	4572	17 Ringgold	285.8	17 Antelope	258
18 California	4208	18 California	263.0	18 New Jersey	202
19 New Jersey	3997	19 New Jersey	249.8	19 California	178
20 Round Rock	3496	20 Round Rock	218.5	20 Round Rock	175

Points/Game		Rushing Attempts		Rushing Yards	
1 Las Vegas	34.4	1 Denver	672	1 Malvern	3355
2 Winnipeg	33.1	2 Malvern	640	2 Fresno	3182
3 Fresno	33.1	3 Fresno	638	3 Las Vegas	2895
4 Malvern	32.4	4 Las Vegas	579	4 Denver	2886
5 Prairie	28.9	5 Durham	555	5 Winnipeg	2583
6 Denver	26.6	6 Baltimore	554	6 Baltimore	2439
7 Baltimore	25.6	7 Kutztown	550	7 Sacramento	2217
8 Kutztown	25.1	8 Florida	545	8 Durham	2187
9 Durham	24.6	9 Winnipeg	544	9 Kutztown	2166
10 Sacramento	23.0	10 San Francisco	534	10 San Francisco	2140
11 Medicine	22.4	11 Prairie	498	11 Prairie	2101
12 San Francisco	22.1	12 Antelope	489	12 Florida	2040
13 New York	19.0	13 Pittsburgh	486	13 Antelope	1888
14 Florida	18.7	14 New Jersey	473	14 Pittsburgh	1855
15 Ringgold	18.7	15 Sacramento	471	15 New York	1844
16 Pittsburgh	18.2	16 New York	470	16 New Jersey	1796
17 Antelope	16.1	17 Medicine	456	17 Medicine	1726
18 New Jersey	12.6	18 Ringgold	428	18 Ringgold	1639
19 California	11.1	19 Round Rock	387	19 Round Rock	1307
20 Round Rock	10.9	20 California	321	20 California	1036

Rushing Yards/Game		Rushing Touchdowns		Rushing Average	
1 Malvern	209.7	1 Fresno	30	1 Malvern	5.2
2 Fresno	198.9	2 Malvern	23	2 Las Vegas	5.0

3 Las Vegas	180.9	3 Durham	23	3 Fresno	5.0
4 Denver	180.4	4 Denver	21	4 Winnipeg	4.7
5 Winnipeg	161.4	5 Las Vegas	19	5 Sacramento	4.7
6 Baltimore	152.4	6 Prairie	17	6 Baltimore	4.4
7 Sacramento	138.6	7 Kutztown	14	7 Denver	4.3
8 Durham	136.7	8 Baltimore	12	8 Prairie	4.2
9 Kutztown	135.4	9 Sacramento	12	9 San Francisco	4.0
10 San Francisco	133.8	10 Winnipeg	11	10 Durham	3.9
11 Prairie	131.3	11 New York	11	11 Kutztown	3.9
12 Florida	127.5	12 Medicine	10	12 New York	3.9
13 Antelope	118.0	13 San Francisco	9	13 Antelope	3.9
14 Pittsburgh	115.9	14 Florida	8	14 Ringgold	3.8
15 New York	115.3	15 Antelope	8	15 Pittsburgh	3.8
16 New Jersey	112.3	16 Round Rock	8	16 New Jersey	3.8
17 Medicine	107.9	17 Pittsburgh	6	17 Medicine	3.8
18 Ringgold	102.4	18 Ringgold	6	18 Florida	3.7
19 Round Rock	81.7	19 New Jersey	5	19 Round Rock	3.4
20 California	64.8	20 California	4	20 California	3.2

Rushing Touchdown%		Pass Attempts		Pass Completions	
1 Fresno	4.7	1 California	591	1 California	376
2 Durham	4.1	2 Medicine	545	2 Medicine	320
3 Malvern	3.6	3 Sacramento	530	3 Sacramento	314
4 Prairie	3.4	4 New York	512	4 Denver	306
5 Las Vegas	3.3	5 Winnipeg	498	5 Antelope	296
6 Denver	3.1	6 Round Rock	484	6 Winnipeg	292
7 Sacramento	2.5	7 Florida	483	7 Kutztown	291
8 Kutztown	2.5	8 Antelope	480	8 San Francisco	282
9 New York	2.3	9 Denver	479	9 Ringgold	275
10 Medicine	2.2	10 San Francisco	479	10 Pittsburgh	273
11 Baltimore	2.2	11 Ringgold	478	11 New York	270
12 Round Rock	2.1	12 New Jersey	478	12 Florida	270
13 Winnipeg	2.0	13 Pittsburgh	476	13 Prairie	263
14 San Francisco	1.7	14 Kutztown	443	14 Las Vegas	251
15 Antelope	1.6	15 Prairie	432	15 Fresno	241
16 Florida	1.5	16 Baltimore	418	16 Malvern	240
17 Ringgold	1.4	17 Malvern	416	17 Round Rock	235
18 California	1.2	18 Las Vegas	384	18 Baltimore	233
19 Pittsburgh	1.2	19 Fresno	372	19 New Jersey	229
20 New Jersey	1.1	20 Durham	355	20 Durham	212

Passing Yards		Pass Yards/Game		Passing Int's	
1 Medicine	4095	1 Medicine	255.9	1 Fresno	5
2 Winnipeg	3565	2 Winnipeg	222.8	2 Las Vegas	7
3 Malvern	3546	3 Malvern	221.6	3 Winnipeg	9
4 Denver	3442	4 Denver	215.1	4 Sacramento	11
5 Las Vegas	3355	5 Las Vegas	209.7	5 Denver	12
6 Kutztown	3326	6 Kutztown	207.9	6 Prairie	12
7 Sacramento	3309	7 Sacramento	206.8	7 Durham	12
8 San Francisco	3309	8 San Francisco	206.8	8 Malvern	13
9 Antelope	3255	9 Antelope	203.4	9 San Francisco	14
10 Pittsburgh	3242	10 Pittsburgh	202.6	10 Florida	14
11 California	3172	11 California	198.3	11 Ringgold	14
12 Baltimore	3166	12 Baltimore	197.9	12 Medicine	15
13 Prairie	3163	13 Prairie	197.7	13 Baltimore	15
14 New York	3162	14 New York	197.6	14 Kutztown	16
15 Florida	3060	15 Florida	191.3	15 New Jersey	16
16 Ringgold	2933	16 Ringgold	183.3	16 Round Rock	16
17 Fresno	2916	17 Fresno	182.3	17 Pittsburgh	17
18 Durham	2698	18 Durham	168.6	18 Antelope	20
19 New Jersey	2201	19 New Jersey	137.6	19 New York	23
20 Round Rock	2189	20 Round Rock	136.8	20 California	30

Passing TD's		Yards/Pass Attempt		Yards/Completion	
1 Las Vegas	38	1 Las Vegas	9.0	1 Malvern	15.5
2 Malvern	36	2 Malvern	8.9	2 Baltimore	14.5

3	Winnipeg	34	3	Fresno	8.4	3	Las Vegas	13.7
4	Prairie	34	4	Kutztown	8.1	4	Durham	13.4
5	Baltimore	34	5	Baltimore	8.1	5	Medicine	13.4
6	San Francisco	33	6	Durham	8.0	6	Fresno	12.9
7	Fresno	29	7	Medicine	7.8	7	Winnipeg	12.8
8	Medicine	27	8	Prairie	7.7	8	Prairie	12.6
9	Denver	25	9	Denver	7.6	9	Pittsburgh	12.6
10	Kutztown	25	10	Winnipeg	7.5	10	San Francisco	12.6
11	Sacramento	24	11	San Francisco	7.4	11	New York	12.4
12	Ringgold	24	12	Pittsburgh	7.2	12	Kutztown	12.3
13	Florida	23	13	Antelope	7.2	13	Florida	12.0
14	Pittsburgh	23	14	Florida	6.7	14	Denver	11.9
15	New York	22	15	New York	6.6	15	Antelope	11.7
16	Antelope	20	16	Sacramento	6.5	16	Ringgold	11.3
17	California	15	17	Ringgold	6.5	17	Sacramento	11.0
18	Durham	14	18	California	6.0	18	New Jersey	10.8
19	Round Rock	11	19	New Jersey	5.2	19	Round Rock	10.3
20	New Jersey	10	20	Round Rock	5.0	20	California	9.4

Passing Comp%		Passing Int%		Passing TD%				
1	Kutztown	65.7	1	Fresno	1.3	1	Las Vegas	9.9
2	Las Vegas	65.4	2	Winnipeg	1.8	2	Malvern	8.7
3	Fresno	64.8	3	Las Vegas	1.8	3	Baltimore	8.1
4	Denver	63.9	4	Sacramento	2.1	4	Prairie	7.9
5	California	63.6	5	Denver	2.5	5	Fresno	7.8
6	Antelope	61.7	6	Medicine	2.8	6	San Francisco	6.9
7	Prairie	60.9	7	Prairie	2.8	7	Winnipeg	6.8
8	Durham	59.7	8	Florida	2.9	8	Kutztown	5.6
9	Sacramento	59.2	9	San Francisco	2.9	9	Denver	5.2
10	San Francisco	58.9	10	Ringgold	2.9	10	Ringgold	5.0
11	Medicine	58.7	11	Malvern	3.1	11	Medicine	5.0
12	Winnipeg	58.6	12	Round Rock	3.3	12	Pittsburgh	4.8
13	Malvern	57.7	13	New Jersey	3.3	13	Florida	4.8
14	Ringgold	57.5	14	Durham	3.4	14	Sacramento	4.5
15	Pittsburgh	57.4	15	Pittsburgh	3.6	15	New York	4.3
16	Florida	55.9	16	Baltimore	3.6	16	Antelope	4.2
17	Baltimore	55.7	17	Kutztown	3.6	17	Durham	3.9
18	New York	52.7	18	Antelope	4.2	18	California	2.5
19	Round Rock	48.6	19	New York	4.5	19	Round Rock	2.3
20	New Jersey	47.9	20	California	5.1	20	New Jersey	2.1

Times Sacked		Sack%		Passing Rating				
1	Las Vegas	13	1	Las Vegas	3.3	1	Las Vegas	119.3
2	Florida	22	2	Sacramento	4.2	2	Fresno	111.3
3	Durham	22	3	Florida	4.4	3	Malvern	103.2
4	Sacramento	23	4	Winnipeg	5.0	4	Prairie	99.5
5	Winnipeg	26	5	New York	5.2	5	Winnipeg	97.4
6	Fresno	27	6	Denver	5.3	6	Baltimore	94.3
7	Denver	27	7	Ringgold	5.3	7	Kutztown	94.3
8	Ringgold	27	8	Medicine	5.4	8	Denver	93.8
9	Malvern	28	9	Pittsburgh	5.6	9	San Francisco	92.7
10	Prairie	28	10	Durham	5.8	10	Medicine	88.8
11	Pittsburgh	28	11	Prairie	6.1	11	Sacramento	85.0
12	New York	28	12	Malvern	6.3	12	Durham	84.2
13	Baltimore	31	13	Fresno	6.8	13	Ringgold	81.6
14	Medicine	31	14	Baltimore	6.9	14	Pittsburgh	81.3
15	Antelope	36	15	Antelope	7.0	15	Florida	80.3
16	San Francisco	37	16	San Francisco	7.2	16	Antelope	80.0
17	Round Rock	43	17	Round Rock	8.2	17	New York	69.0
18	New Jersey	43	18	New Jersey	8.3	18	California	67.4
19	Kutztown	45	19	California	8.7	19	Round Rock	57.2
20	California	56	20	Kutztown	9.2	20	New Jersey	56.6

First Downs		Fumbles		Penalties				
1	Denver	397	1	Las Vegas	14	1	Round Rock	70
2	Winnipeg	388	2	Malvern	16	2	Fresno	72

3 Fresno	384	3 Ringgold	17	3 Baltimore	72
4 Malvern	378	4 Fresno	18	4 Pittsburgh	74
5 Las Vegas	370	5 New Jersey	18	5 New York	76
6 Kutztown	349	6 Kutztown	20	6 Winnipeg	77
7 Sacramento	347	7 Sacramento	20	7 Florida	81
8 Medicine	330	8 Florida	20	8 Las Vegas	82
9 San Francisco	322	9 San Francisco	22	9 Antelope	82
10 Prairie	321	10 New York	22	10 Sacramento	84
11 Florida	316	11 Medicine	23	11 Durham	84
12 Pittsburgh	315	12 Prairie	23	12 Prairie	86
13 Baltimore	308	13 Baltimore	24	13 Ringgold	88
14 Antelope	307	14 Antelope	24	14 Denver	88
15 New York	294	15 Durham	24	15 Kutztown	92
16 Durham	289	16 Winnipeg	28	16 Malvern	93
17 Ringgold	267	17 Round Rock	28	17 New Jersey	93
18 California	243	18 California	30	18 California	105
19 New Jersey	241	19 Denver	31	19 Medicine	107
20 Round Rock	220	20 Pittsburgh	31	20 San Francisco	109

----- TEAM DEFENSE STARTS ON NEXT PAGE -----

Defense	Run	Yards	Ave	TD	Pass	Comp	Comp%	Yards	Ave	Int	Int%	TD	TD%	Rate	Run/G	Pass/G	Tot/G	Play
Winnipeg	413	1551	3.8	5	461	210	45.6	1964	4.3	23	5.0	9	2.0	45.7	96.9	122.8	219.7	3.9
Fresno	370	1536	4.2	4	428	242	56.5	2012	4.7	21	4.9	9	2.1	58.1	96.0	125.8	221.8	4.2
Kutztown	444	1800	4.1	10	449	249	55.5	2616	5.8	17	3.8	15	3.3	69.3	112.5	163.5	276.0	4.8
Malvern	409	1436	3.5	7	568	303	53.3	3166	5.6	17	3.0	14	2.5	67.6	89.8	197.9	287.6	4.5
Las Vegas	495	2178	4.4	7	424	255	60.1	2472	5.8	20	4.7	20	4.7	75.4	136.1	154.5	290.6	4.8
Denver	520	2254	4.3	12	469	239	51.0	2423	5.2	22	4.7	11	2.3	56.0	140.9	151.4	292.3	4.6
Pittsburgh	432	1657	3.8	10	411	236	57.4	3069	7.5	15	3.6	21	5.1	84.4	103.6	191.8	295.4	5.4
Prairie	468	1898	4.1	8	464	271	58.4	2931	6.3	17	3.7	21	4.5	79.2	118.6	183.2	301.8	5.0
Florida	443	1714	3.9	9	470	295	62.8	3461	7.4	7	1.5	29	6.2	101.1	107.1	216.3	323.4	5.5
Sacramento	487	1876	3.9	15	466	297	63.7	3500	7.5	16	3.4	30	6.4	95.6	117.3	218.8	336.0	5.4
Baltimore	559	2336	4.2	14	503	282	56.1	3231	6.4	16	3.2	28	5.6	82.2	146.0	201.9	347.9	5.1
New Jersey	566	2195	3.9	11	423	272	64.3	3553	8.4	12	2.8	28	6.6	103.3	137.2	222.1	359.3	5.6
Durham	581	2519	4.3	9	548	306	55.8	3299	6.0	19	3.5	21	3.8	73.1	157.4	206.2	363.6	5.1
Antelope	467	2128	4.6	16	465	276	59.4	3732	8.0	7	1.5	35	7.5	104.9	133.0	233.3	366.3	6.1
Medicine	562	2452	4.4	17	528	308	58.3	3580	6.8	15	2.8	26	4.9	85.5	153.3	223.8	377.0	5.3
Ringgold	606	2555	4.2	18	435	265	60.9	3499	8.0	10	2.3	36	8.3	105.1	159.7	218.7	378.4	5.7
Round Rock	655	3034	4.6	23	394	244	61.9	3132	7.9	7	1.8	36	9.1	110.8	189.6	195.8	385.4	5.8
New York	605	2790	4.6	20	460	293	63.7	3489	7.6	16	3.5	36	7.8	99.9	174.4	218.1	392.4	5.8
San Francisco	532	2464	4.6	16	533	332	62.3	3832	7.2	7	1.3	32	6.0	100.5	154.0	239.5	393.5	5.7
California	676	2909	4.3	26	434	294	67.7	4143	9.5	7	1.6	44	10.1	126.9	181.8	258.9	440.8	6.2

Net Yards

1 Winnipeg	3515
2 Fresno	3548
3 Kutztown	4416
4 Malvern	4602
5 Las Vegas	4650
6 Denver	4677
7 Pittsburgh	4726
8 Prairie	4829
9 Florida	5175
10 Sacramento	5376
11 Baltimore	5567
12 New Jersey	5748
13 Durham	5818
14 Antelope	5860
15 Medicine	6032
16 Ringgold	6054
17 Round Rock	6166
18 New York	6279
19 San Francisco	6296
20 California	7052

Net Yards/Game

1 Winnipeg	219.7
2 Fresno	221.8
3 Kutztown	276.0
4 Malvern	287.6
5 Las Vegas	290.6
6 Denver	292.3
7 Pittsburgh	295.4
8 Prairie	301.8
9 Florida	323.4
10 Sacramento	336.0
11 Baltimore	347.9
12 New Jersey	359.3
13 Durham	363.6
14 Antelope	366.3
15 Medicine	377.0
16 Ringgold	378.4
17 Round Rock	385.4
18 New York	392.4
19 San Francisco	393.5
20 California	440.8

Points

1 Winnipeg	178
2 Fresno	189
3 Malvern	228
4 Las Vegas	237
5 Denver	240
6 Prairie	286
7 Durham	288
8 Kutztown	294
9 Pittsburgh	311
10 Florida	358
11 Sacramento	382
12 Baltimore	388
13 Medicine	391
14 San Francisco	423
15 Antelope	467
16 Ringgold	476
17 New Jersey	485
18 New York	509
19 Round Rock	533
20 California	643

Points/Game

1 Winnipeg	11.1
2 Fresno	11.8
3 Malvern	14.3
4 Las Vegas	14.8
5 Denver	15.0
6 Prairie	17.9
7 Durham	18.0
8 Kutztown	18.4
9 Pittsburgh	19.4
10 Florida	22.4
11 Sacramento	23.9
12 Baltimore	24.3
13 Medicine	24.4
14 San Francisco	26.4
15 Antelope	29.2
16 Ringgold	29.8
17 New Jersey	30.3
18 New York	31.8
19 Round Rock	33.3
20 California	40.2

Rushing Attempts

1 Fresno	370
2 Malvern	409
3 Winnipeg	413
4 Pittsburgh	432
5 Florida	443
6 Kutztown	444
7 Antelope	467
8 Prairie	468
9 Sacramento	487
10 Las Vegas	495
11 Denver	520
12 San Francisco	532
13 Baltimore	559
14 Medicine	562
15 New Jersey	566
16 Durham	581
17 New York	605
18 Ringgold	606
19 Round Rock	655
20 California	676

Rushing Yards

1 Malvern	1436
2 Fresno	1536
3 Winnipeg	1551
4 Pittsburgh	1657
5 Florida	1714
6 Kutztown	1800
7 Sacramento	1876
8 Prairie	1898
9 Antelope	2128
10 Las Vegas	2178
11 New Jersey	2195
12 Denver	2254
13 Baltimore	2336
14 Medicine	2452
15 San Francisco	2464
16 Durham	2519
17 Ringgold	2555
18 New York	2790
19 California	2909
20 Round Rock	3034

Rushing Yards/Game

1 Malvern	89.8
2 Fresno	96.0

Rushing Touchdowns

1 Fresno	4
2 Winnipeg	5

Rushing Average

1 Malvern	3.5
2 Winnipeg	3.8

3	Winnipeg	96.9	3	Malvern	7	3	Pittsburgh	3.8
4	Pittsburgh	103.6	4	Las Vegas	7	4	Sacramento	3.9
5	Florida	107.1	5	Prairie	8	5	Florida	3.9
6	Kutztown	112.5	6	Florida	9	6	New Jersey	3.9
7	Sacramento	117.3	7	Durham	9	7	Kutztown	4.1
8	Prairie	118.6	8	Pittsburgh	10	8	Prairie	4.1
9	Antelope	133.0	9	Kutztown	10	9	Fresno	4.2
10	Las Vegas	136.1	10	New Jersey	11	10	Baltimore	4.2
11	New Jersey	137.2	11	Denver	12	11	Ringgold	4.2
12	Denver	140.9	12	Baltimore	14	12	California	4.3
13	Baltimore	146.0	13	Sacramento	15	13	Denver	4.3
14	Medicine	153.3	14	Antelope	16	14	Durham	4.3
15	San Francisco	154.0	15	San Francisco	16	15	Medicine	4.4
16	Durham	157.4	16	Medicine	17	16	Las Vegas	4.4
17	Ringgold	159.7	17	Ringgold	18	17	Antelope	4.6
18	New York	174.4	18	New York	20	18	New York	4.6
19	California	181.8	19	Round Rock	23	19	San Francisco	4.6
20	Round Rock	189.6	20	California	26	20	Round Rock	4.6

Rushing Touchdown%		Pass Attempts		Pass Completions				
1	Fresno	1.1	1	Round Rock	394	1	Winnipeg	210
2	Winnipeg	1.2	2	Pittsburgh	411	2	Pittsburgh	236
3	Las Vegas	1.4	3	New Jersey	423	3	Denver	239
4	Durham	1.5	4	Las Vegas	424	4	Fresno	242
5	Prairie	1.7	5	Fresno	428	5	Round Rock	244
6	Malvern	1.7	6	California	434	6	Kutztown	249
7	New Jersey	1.9	7	Ringgold	435	7	Las Vegas	255
8	Florida	2.0	8	Kutztown	449	8	Ringgold	265
9	Kutztown	2.3	9	New York	460	9	Prairie	271
10	Denver	2.3	10	Winnipeg	461	10	New Jersey	272
11	Pittsburgh	2.3	11	Prairie	464	11	Antelope	276
12	Baltimore	2.5	12	Antelope	465	12	Baltimore	282
13	Ringgold	3.0	13	Sacramento	466	13	New York	293
14	San Francisco	3.0	14	Denver	469	14	California	294
15	Medicine	3.0	15	Florida	470	15	Florida	295
16	Sacramento	3.1	16	Baltimore	503	16	Sacramento	297
17	New York	3.3	17	Medicine	528	17	Malvern	303
18	Antelope	3.4	18	San Francisco	533	18	Durham	306
19	Round Rock	3.5	19	Durham	548	19	Medicine	308
20	California	3.8	20	Malvern	568	20	San Francisco	332

Passing Yards		Pass Yards/Game		Passing Int's				
1	Winnipeg	1964	1	Winnipeg	122.8	1	Winnipeg	23
2	Fresno	2012	2	Fresno	125.8	2	Denver	22
3	Denver	2423	3	Denver	151.4	3	Fresno	21
4	Las Vegas	2472	4	Las Vegas	154.5	4	Las Vegas	20
5	Kutztown	2616	5	Kutztown	163.5	5	Durham	19
6	Prairie	2931	6	Prairie	183.2	6	Kutztown	17
7	Pittsburgh	3069	7	Pittsburgh	191.8	7	Prairie	17
8	Round Rock	3132	8	Round Rock	195.8	8	Malvern	17
9	Malvern	3166	9	Malvern	197.9	9	Baltimore	16
10	Baltimore	3231	10	Baltimore	201.9	10	New York	16
11	Durham	3299	11	Durham	206.2	11	Sacramento	16
12	Florida	3461	12	Florida	216.3	12	Pittsburgh	15
13	New York	3489	13	New York	218.1	13	Medicine	15
14	Ringgold	3499	14	Ringgold	218.7	14	New Jersey	12
15	Sacramento	3500	15	Sacramento	218.8	15	Ringgold	10
16	New Jersey	3553	16	New Jersey	222.1	16	Round Rock	7
17	Medicine	3580	17	Medicine	223.8	17	Florida	7
18	Antelope	3732	18	Antelope	233.3	18	Antelope	7
19	San Francisco	3832	19	San Francisco	239.5	19	San Francisco	7
20	California	4143	20	California	258.9	20	California	7

Passing TD's		Yards/Pass Attempt		Yards/Completion				
1	Winnipeg	9	1	Winnipeg	4.8	1	Fresno	9.5
2	Fresno	9	2	Fresno	5.4	2	Winnipeg	10.5

3 Denver	11	3 Denver	5.6	3 Las Vegas	10.8
4 Malvern	14	4 Malvern	6.1	4 Denver	10.9
5 Kutztown	15	5 Kutztown	6.2	5 Kutztown	11.1
6 Las Vegas	20	6 Durham	6.3	6 Durham	11.2
7 Durham	21	7 Las Vegas	6.5	7 Malvern	11.4
8 Prairie	21	8 Baltimore	6.7	8 Prairie	11.7
9 Pittsburgh	21	9 Prairie	6.9	9 Baltimore	12.0
10 Medicine	26	10 Medicine	7.2	10 San Francisco	12.3
11 Baltimore	28	11 San Francisco	7.7	11 Florida	12.4
12 New Jersey	28	12 Florida	7.8	12 Medicine	12.4
13 Florida	29	13 Pittsburgh	7.8	13 New York	12.5
14 Sacramento	30	14 New York	8.0	14 Sacramento	12.5
15 San Francisco	32	15 Sacramento	8.0	15 Round Rock	13.2
16 Antelope	35	16 Round Rock	8.2	16 Ringgold	13.5
17 New York	36	17 Ringgold	8.2	17 Pittsburgh	13.7
18 Ringgold	36	18 Antelope	8.3	18 New Jersey	13.9
19 Round Rock	36	19 New Jersey	9.0	19 Antelope	14.0
20 California	44	20 California	9.9	20 California	14.6

Passing Comp%		Passing Int%		Passing TD%	
1 Winnipeg	45.6	1 Winnipeg	5.0	1 Winnipeg	2.0
2 Denver	51.0	2 Fresno	4.9	2 Fresno	2.1
3 Malvern	53.3	3 Las Vegas	4.7	3 Denver	2.3
4 Kutztown	55.5	4 Denver	4.7	4 Malvern	2.5
5 Durham	55.8	5 Kutztown	3.8	5 Kutztown	3.3
6 Baltimore	56.1	6 Prairie	3.7	6 Durham	3.8
7 Fresno	56.5	7 Pittsburgh	3.6	7 Prairie	4.5
8 Pittsburgh	57.4	8 New York	3.5	8 Las Vegas	4.7
9 Medicine	58.3	9 Durham	3.5	9 Medicine	4.9
10 Prairie	58.4	10 Sacramento	3.4	10 Pittsburgh	5.1
11 Antelope	59.4	11 Baltimore	3.2	11 Baltimore	5.6
12 Las Vegas	60.1	12 Malvern	3.0	12 San Francisco	6.0
13 Ringgold	60.9	13 Medicine	2.8	13 Florida	6.2
14 Round Rock	61.9	14 New Jersey	2.8	14 Sacramento	6.4
15 San Francisco	62.3	15 Ringgold	2.3	15 New Jersey	6.6
16 Florida	62.8	16 Round Rock	1.8	16 Antelope	7.5
17 New York	63.7	17 California	1.6	17 New York	7.8
18 Sacramento	63.7	18 Antelope	1.5	18 Ringgold	8.3
19 New Jersey	64.3	19 Florida	1.5	19 Round Rock	9.1
20 California	67.7	20 San Francisco	1.3	20 California	10.1

Sacks		Sack%		Passing Rating	
1 Fresno	44	1 Fresno	9.3	1 Winnipeg	45.7
2 Malvern	44	2 New Jersey	9.2	2 Denver	56.0
3 New Jersey	43	3 Las Vegas	9.0	3 Fresno	58.1
4 Las Vegas	42	4 Winnipeg	7.6	4 Malvern	67.6
5 Medicine	41	5 Prairie	7.6	5 Kutztown	69.3
6 Winnipeg	38	6 Medicine	7.2	6 Durham	73.1
7 Prairie	38	7 Malvern	7.2	7 Las Vegas	75.4
8 San Francisco	38	8 Sacramento	7.0	8 Prairie	79.2
9 Sacramento	35	9 San Francisco	6.7	9 Baltimore	82.2
10 Florida	32	10 Florida	6.4	10 Pittsburgh	84.4
11 Denver	28	11 Pittsburgh	5.7	11 Medicine	85.5
12 New York	27	12 California	5.7	12 Sacramento	95.6
13 California	26	13 Denver	5.6	13 New York	99.9
14 Pittsburgh	25	14 New York	5.5	14 San Francisco	100.5
15 Kutztown	24	15 Kutztown	5.1	15 Florida	101.1
16 Baltimore	23	16 Antelope	4.7	16 New Jersey	103.3
17 Antelope	23	17 Baltimore	4.4	17 Antelope	104.9
18 Durham	21	18 Durham	3.7	18 Ringgold	105.1
19 Ringgold	15	19 Round Rock	3.4	19 Round Rock	110.8
20 Round Rock	14	20 Ringgold	3.3	20 California	126.9

First Downs		Fumbles		Penalties	
1 Fresno	209	1 Medicine	32	1 Ringgold	74
2 Winnipeg	218	2 Malvern	30	2 New York	75

3 Kutztown	262	3 Prairie	30	3 Baltimore	76
4 Pittsburgh	264	4 California	29	4 California	77
5 Malvern	269	5 Florida	27	5 Pittsburgh	77
6 Denver	275	6 Denver	25	6 Florida	78
7 Las Vegas	289	7 New Jersey	25	7 Antelope	79
8 Prairie	292	8 Fresno	24	8 New Jersey	81
9 Florida	310	9 Las Vegas	24	9 Sacramento	81
10 Baltimore	319	10 Winnipeg	23	10 Denver	83
11 Antelope	324	11 New York	23	11 Round Rock	83
12 New Jersey	341	12 Kutztown	22	12 Malvern	86
13 Durham	343	13 Durham	21	13 Prairie	86
14 Sacramento	344	14 Round Rock	21	14 Fresno	89
15 Round Rock	366	15 Ringgold	21	15 Durham	90
16 Medicine	373	16 Pittsburgh	18	16 Medicine	94
17 Ringgold	381	17 Antelope	17	17 Las Vegas	94
18 San Francisco	385	18 Baltimore	16	18 Kutztown	99
19 New York	403	19 San Francisco	14	19 Winnipeg	100
20 California	419	20 Sacramento	11	20 San Francisco	113